

# “Quasars for the Impatient”

Jon M. Miller (Michigan)

thanks to: Ed Cackett, Andy Fabian, Luigi  
Gallo, Chris Reynolds, Rubens Reis

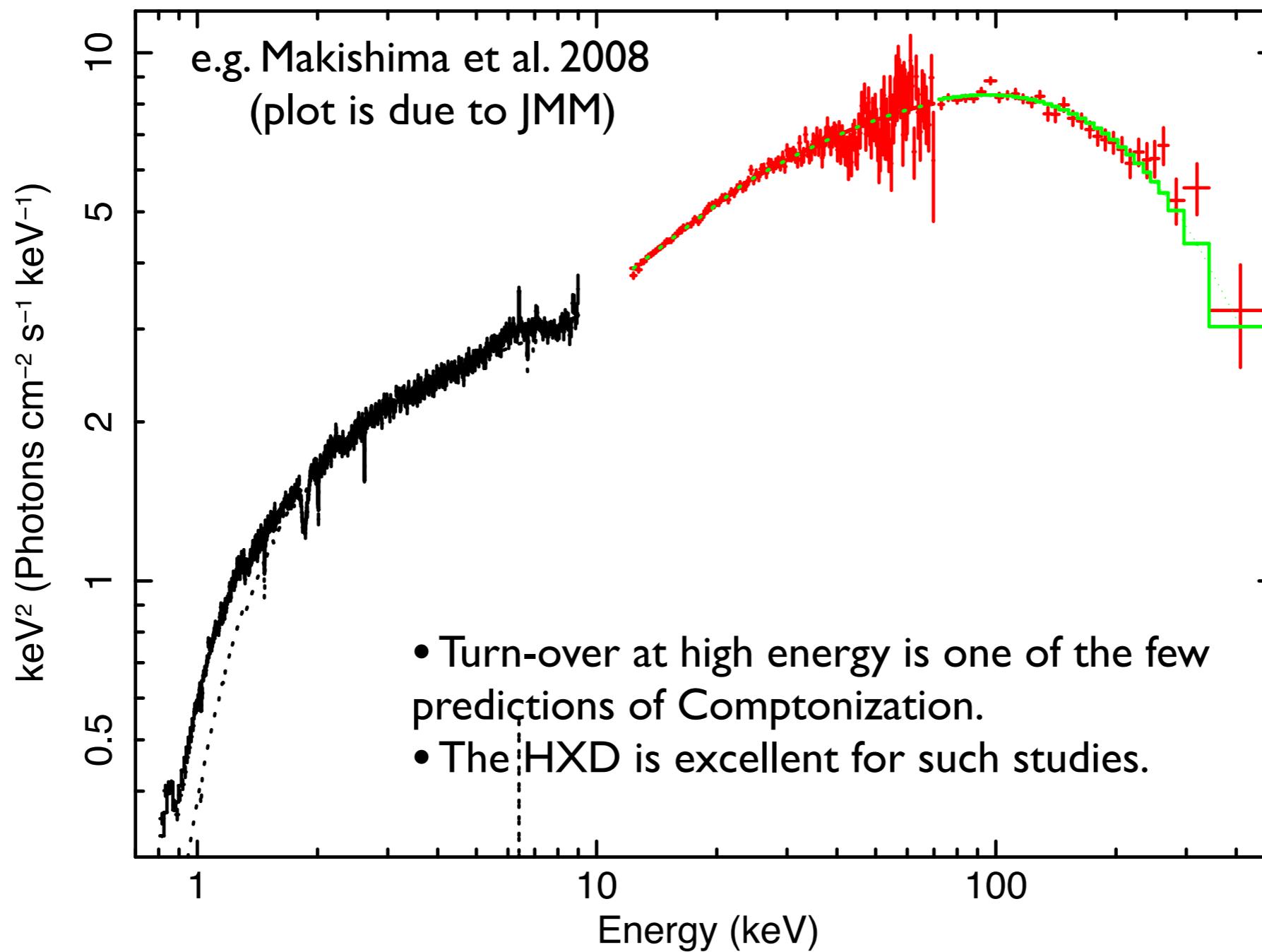
# 3 Outstanding Issues

- The nature of hard X-ray emission.
- Accretion flow evolution with m-dot.
- Distribution and origin of black hole spins.

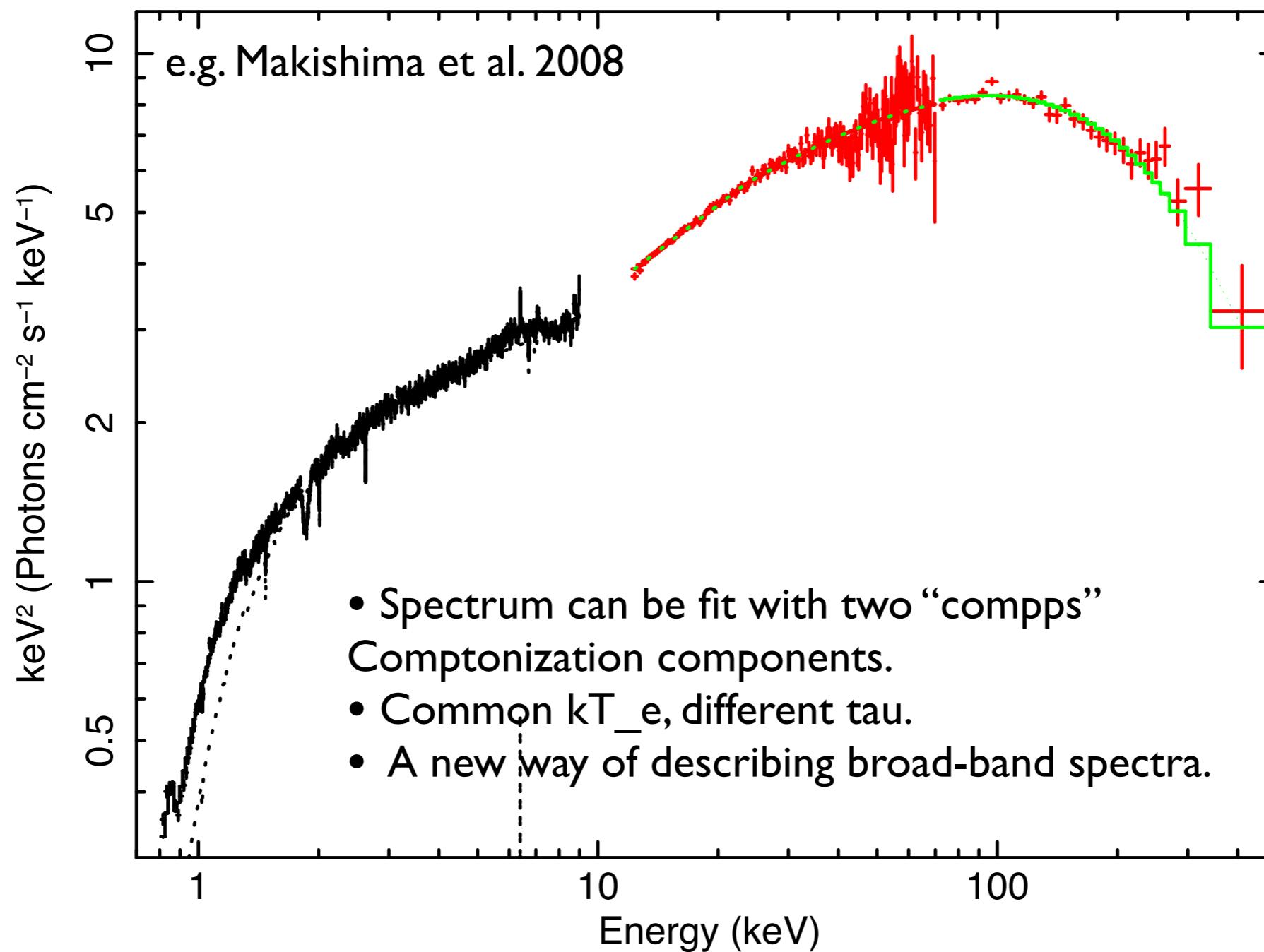
# Hard X-ray Emission

- Thermal Comptonization?
- Non-thermal Comptonization?
- Both?!
- Synchrotron?
- Synchrotron self-Comptonization?

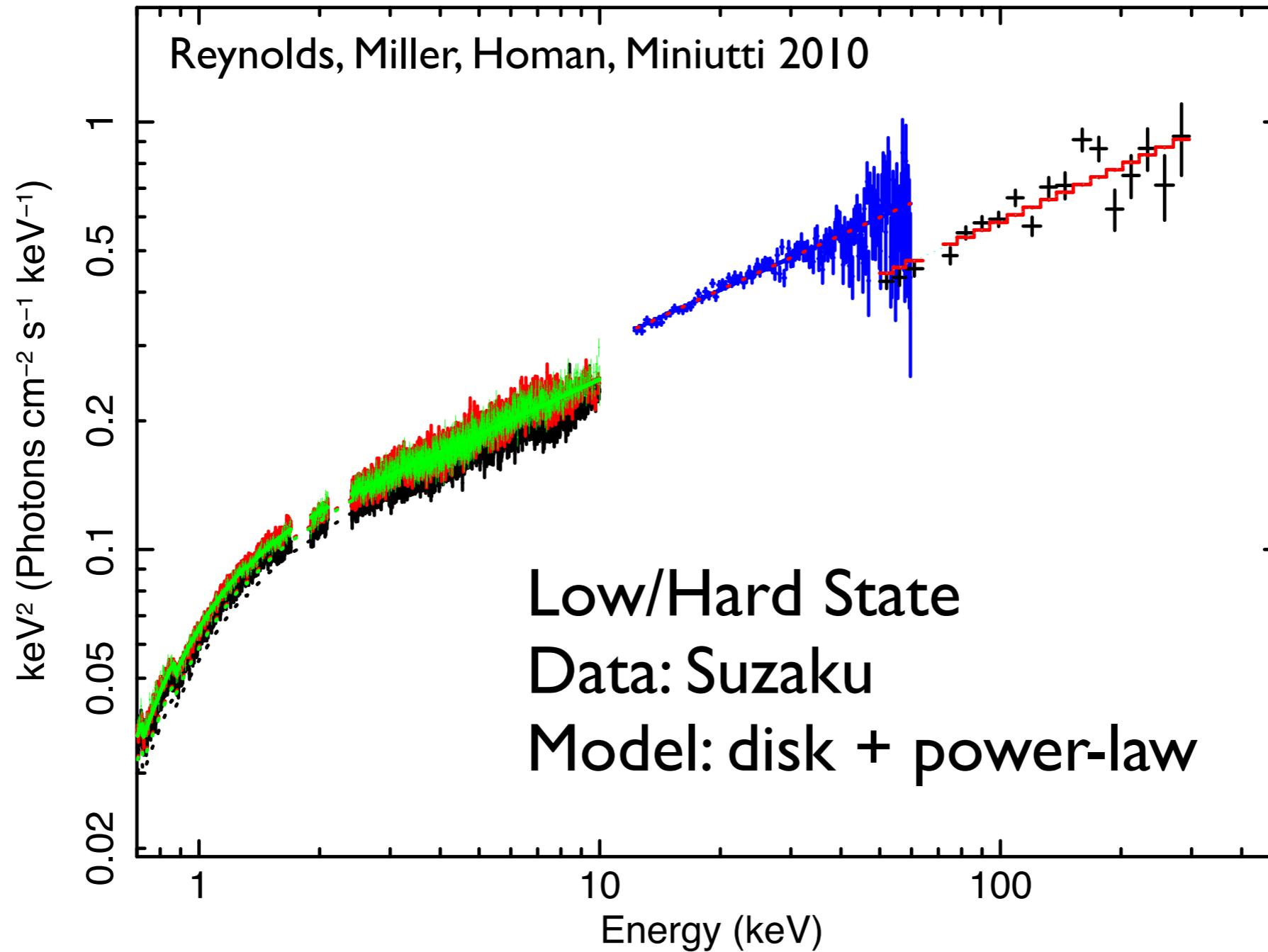
# Turn-over in Cyg X-1



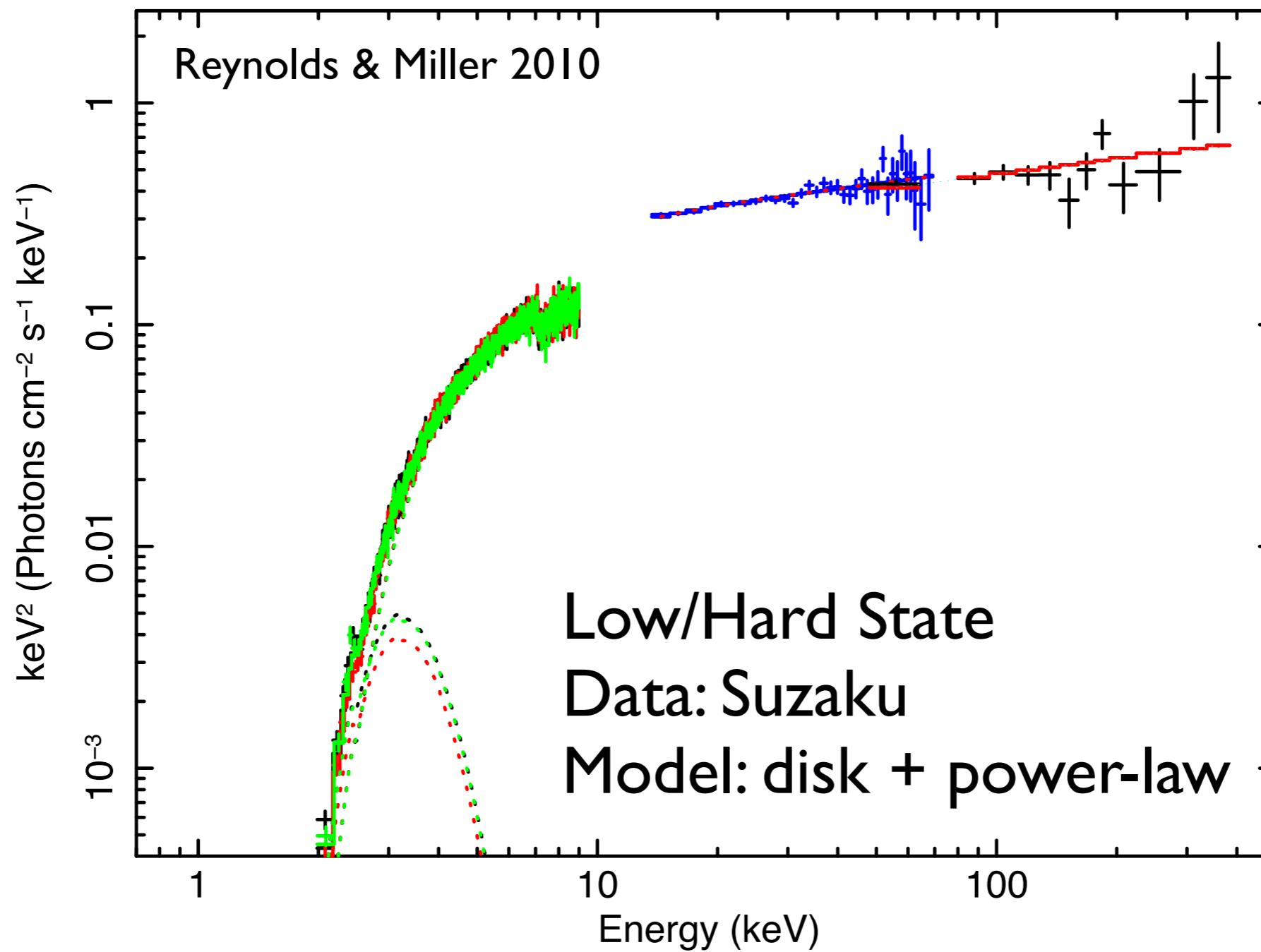
# Cyg X-1: complex?



# Swift J 1753.5



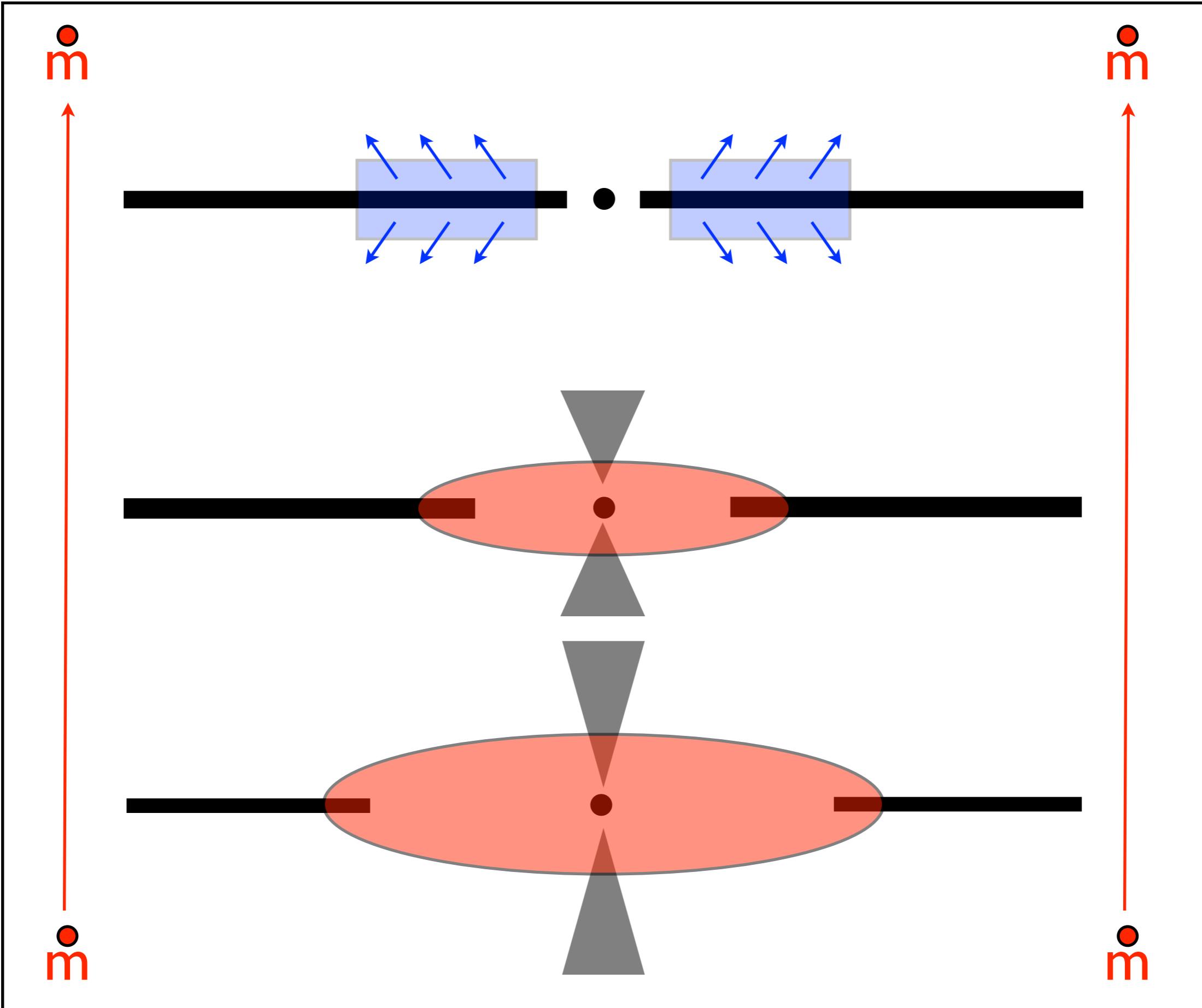
# I E I 740.7-2942



# Hard X-ray Production

- Thermal or hybrid Comptonization is at work in some sources, e.g. Cygnus X-1.
- Other sources do not show the same signatures. They may require different or additional mechanisms.
- Different sorts of hard states hinted at by Coriat et al. based on X+R observations.

# **Geometry and m-dot**



# Diagnostics of $R_{\text{in}}$

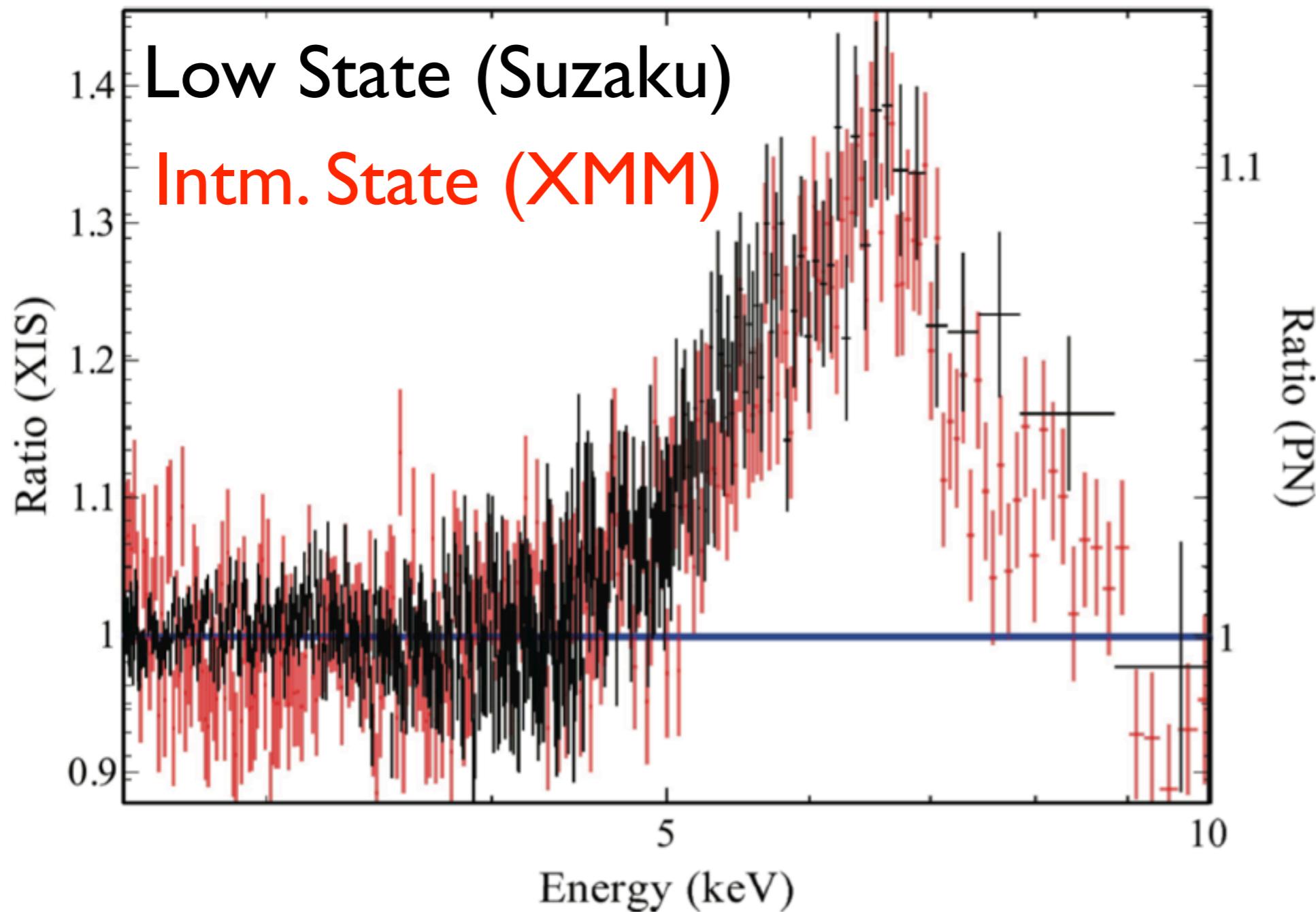
- Iron Lines:
  - + Use FWHM to constrain  $R_{\text{in}}$
  - emissivity ... but you can fit for this
- Disk Continua:
  - + Use flux to constrain  $R_{\text{in}}$
  - mass, distance, hard component, detector

# Truncation Criteria

- Strong:
  - rule-out Fe K line ( $\text{EW} = 60 \text{ eV}$ ), and
  - significant departure from  $L \sim T^4$
- Weak:
  - only one of the above

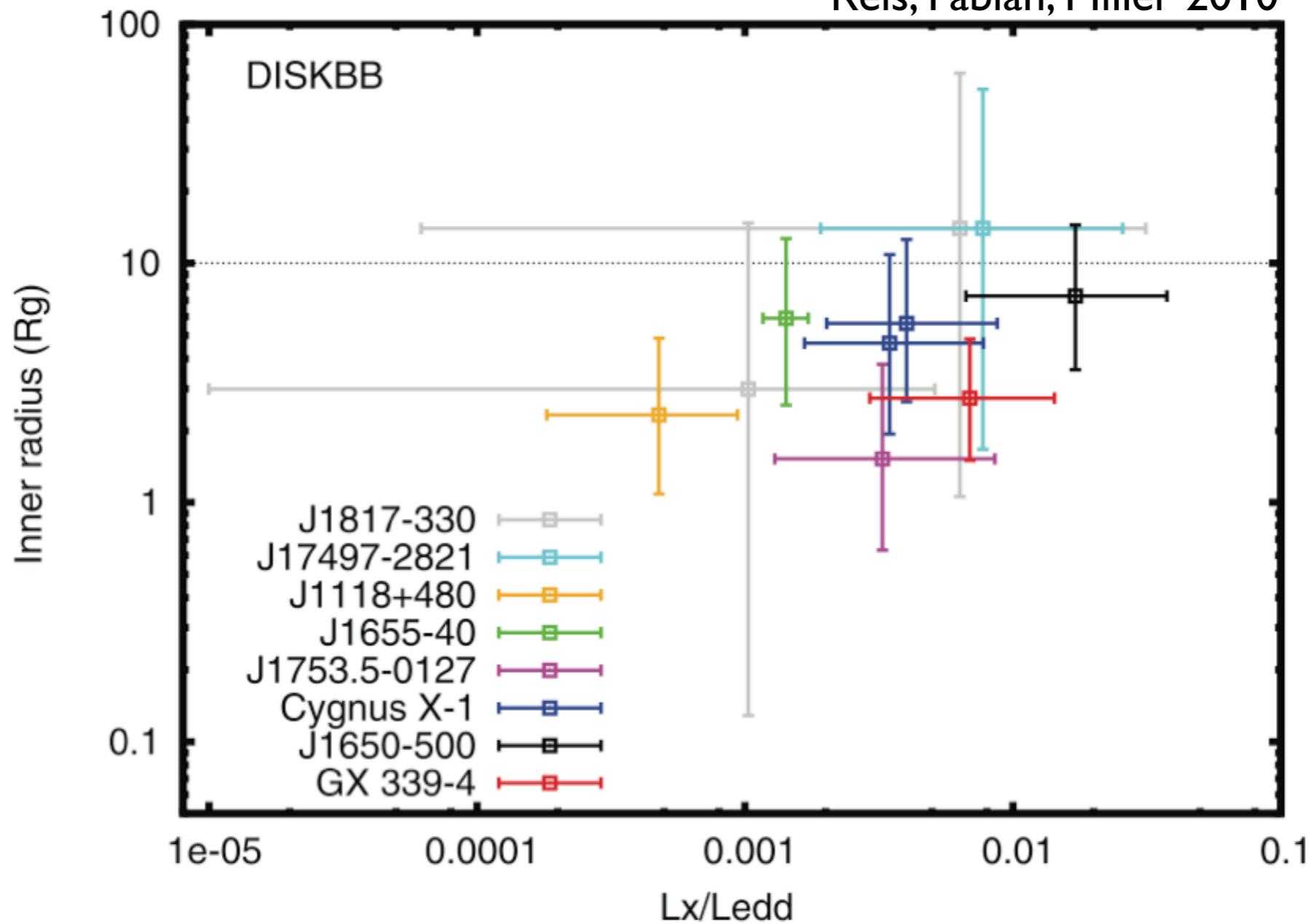
# XTE J 1752-223

Reis et al. 2010



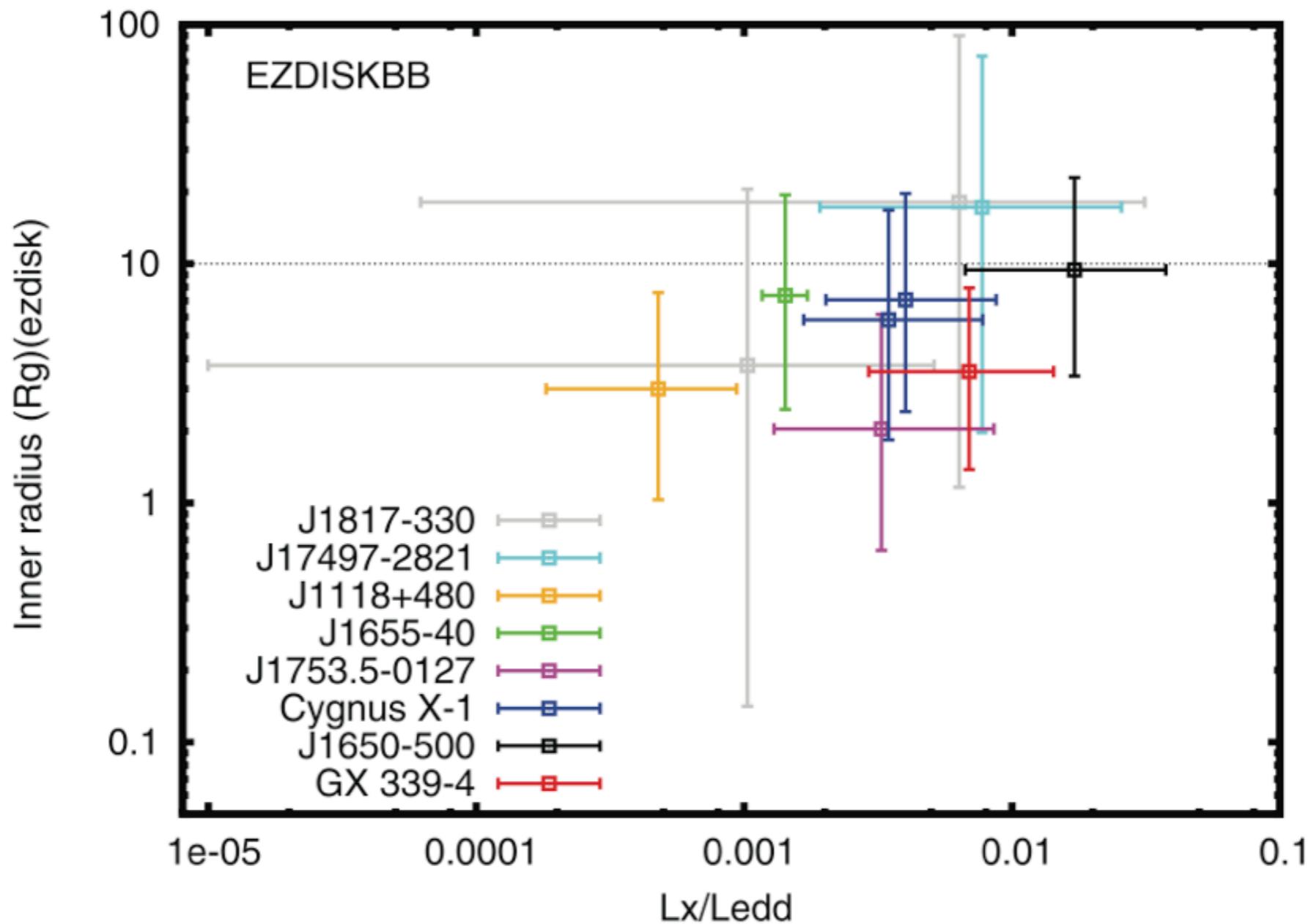
# Disks at Low $L/L_{\text{Edd}}$

Reis, Fabian, Miller 2010

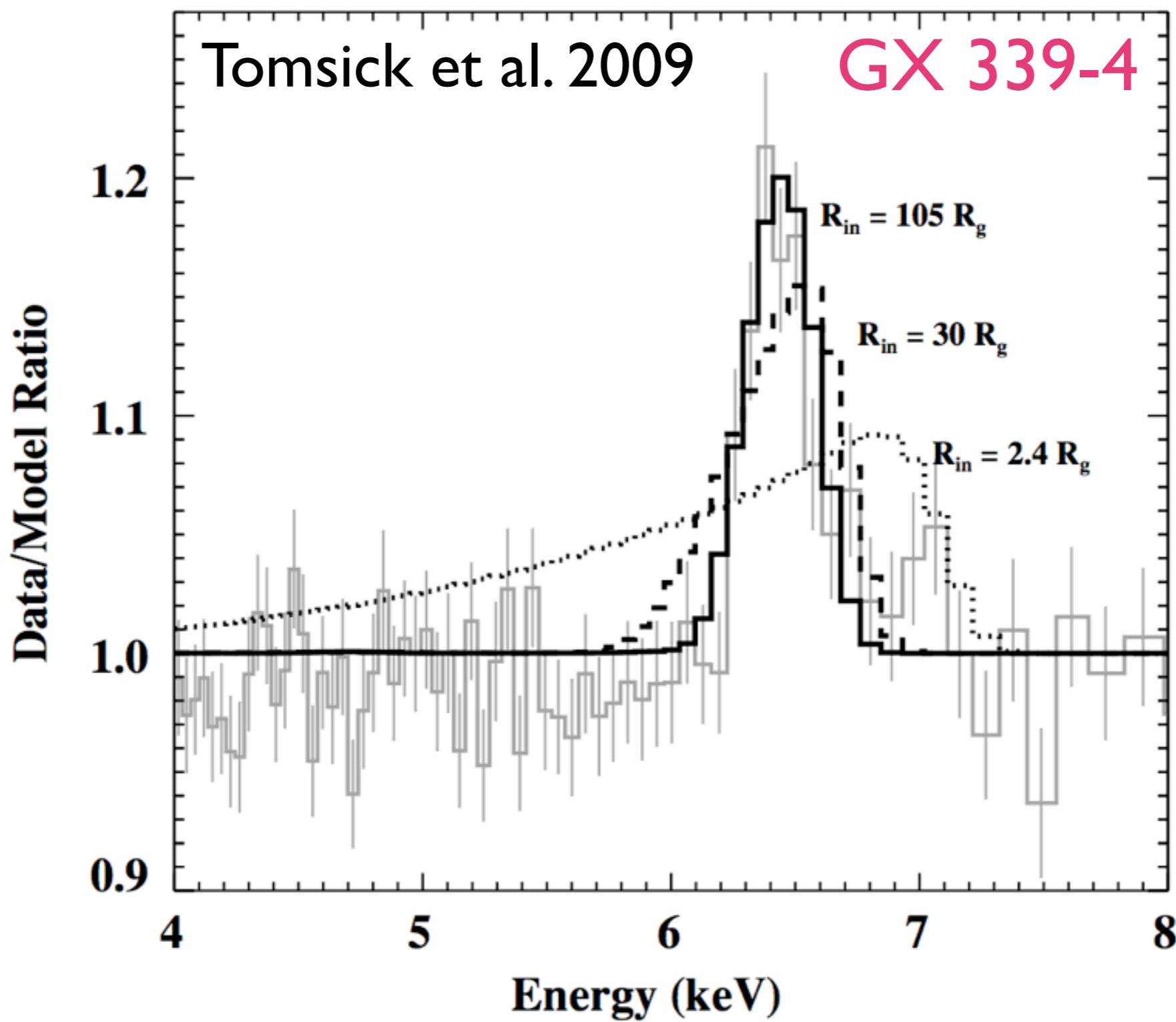


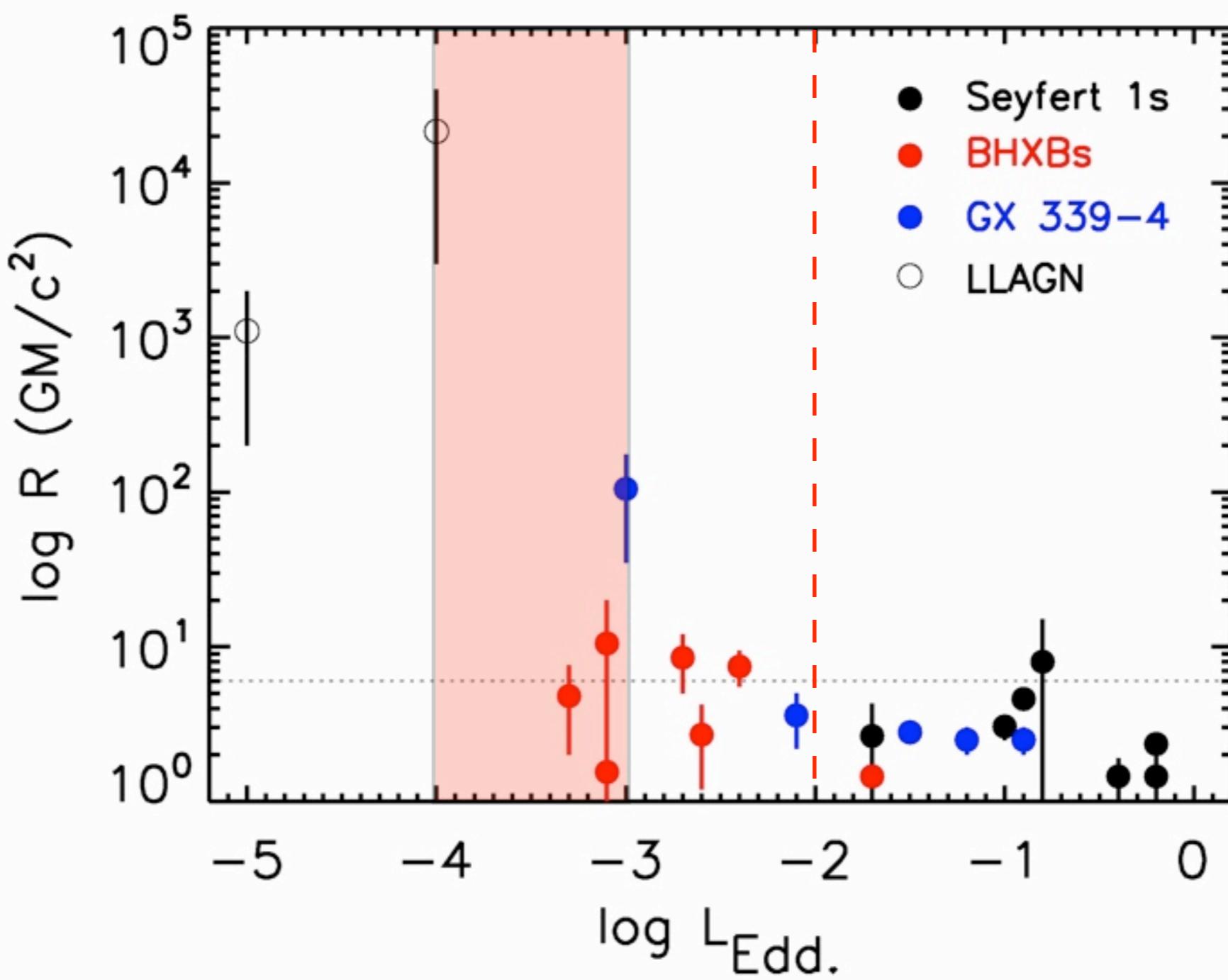
# Systematic Study

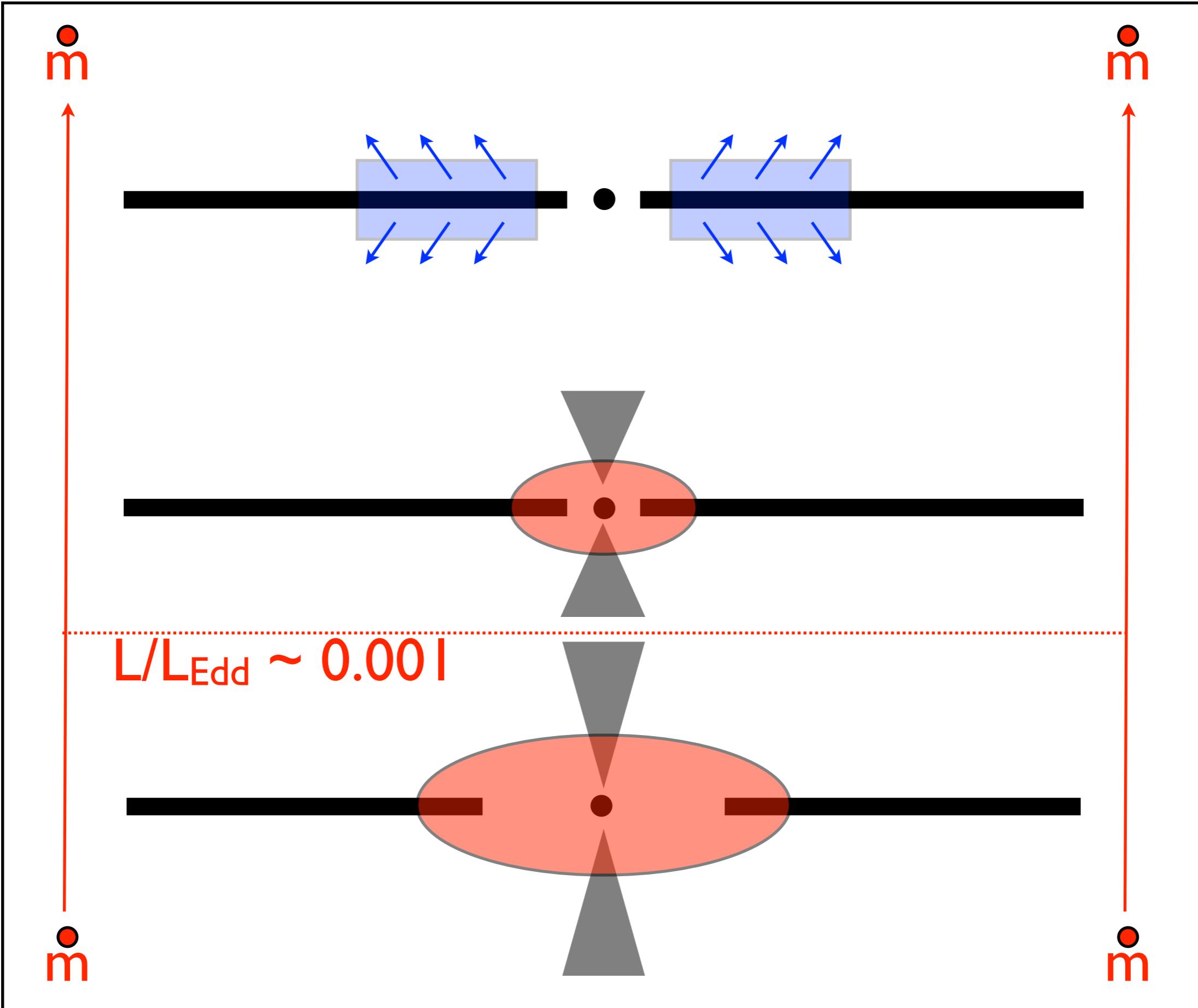
Reis, Fabian, Miller 2010



# Truncation ... at last



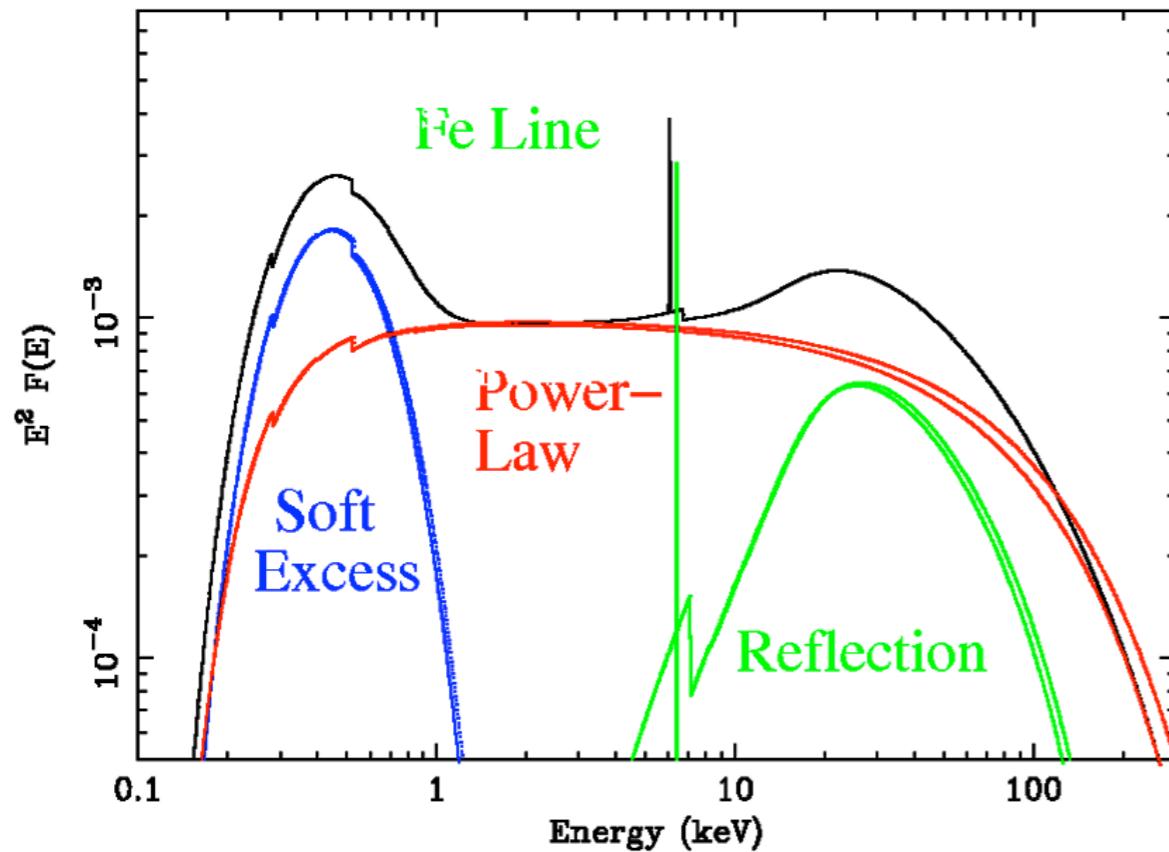




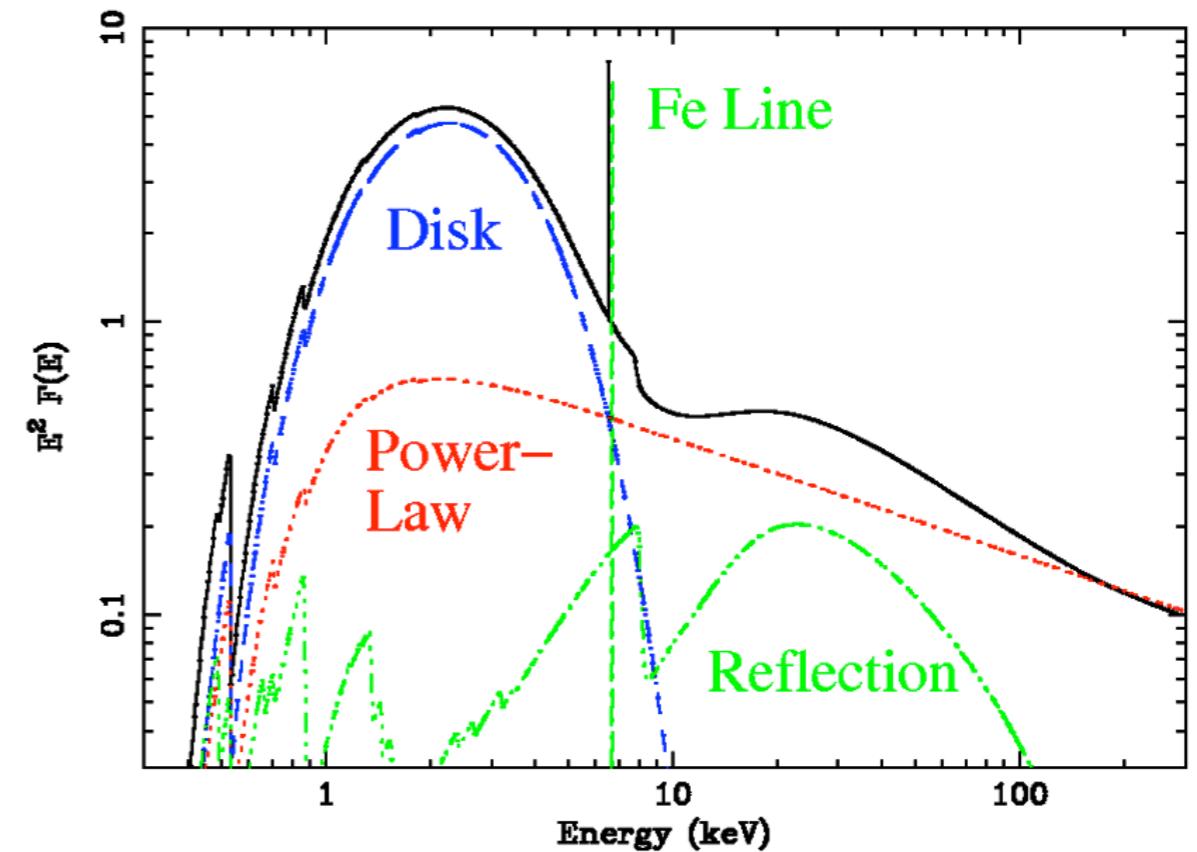


# Similar Spectra

Seyfert-I AGN

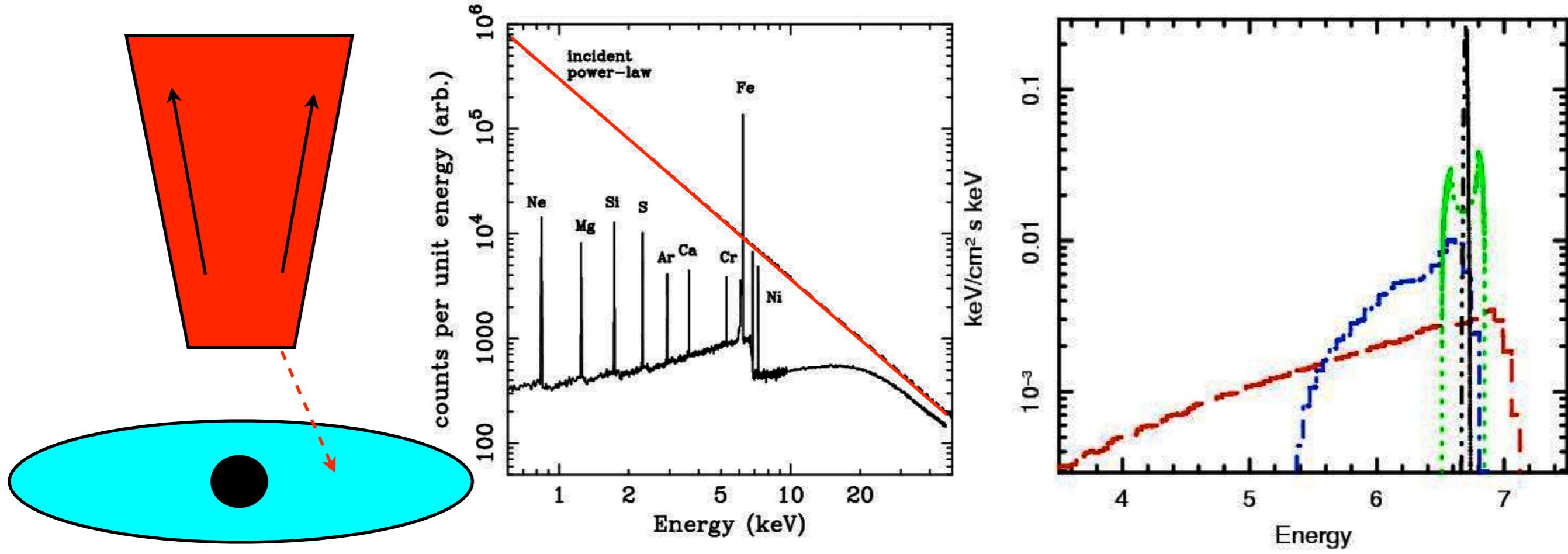


Stellar-mass black hole

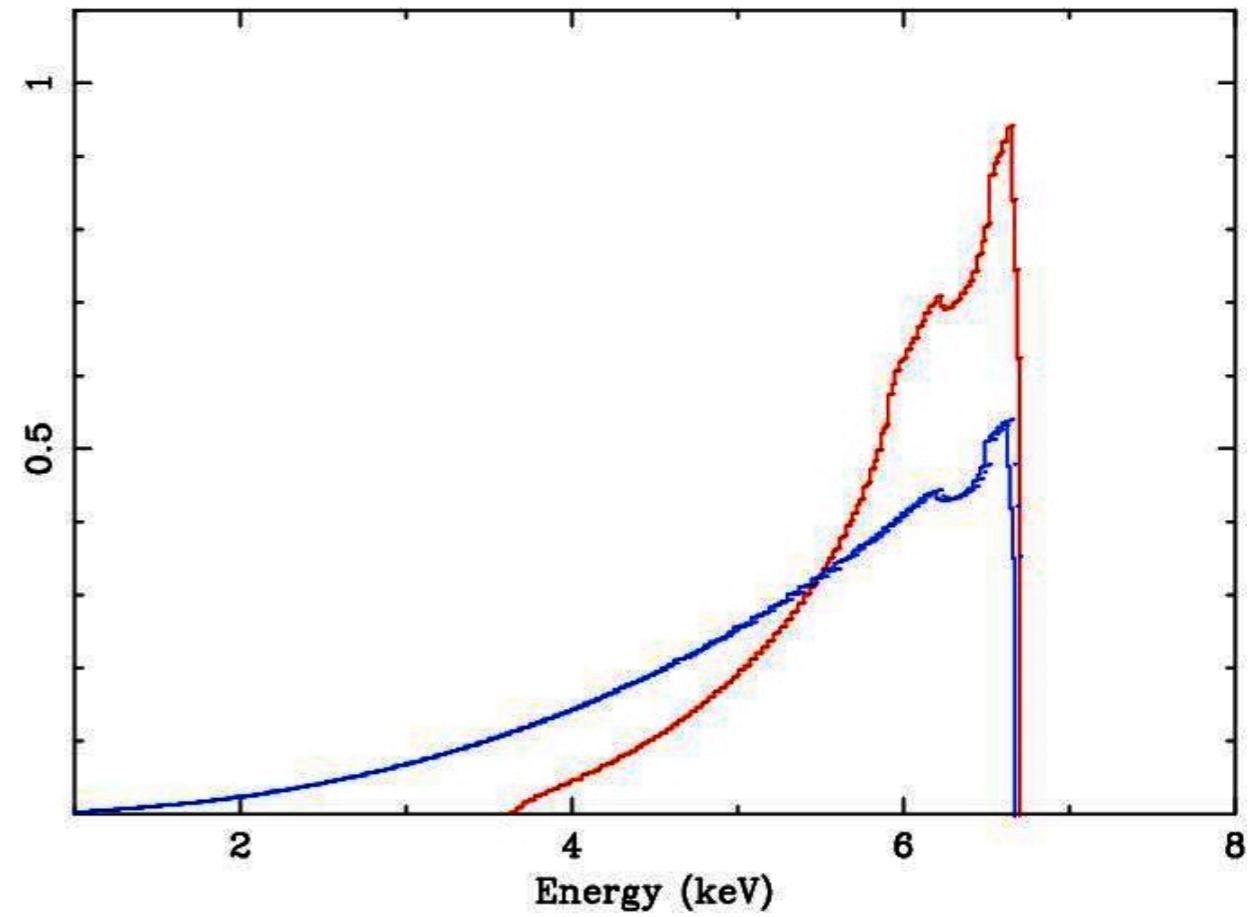
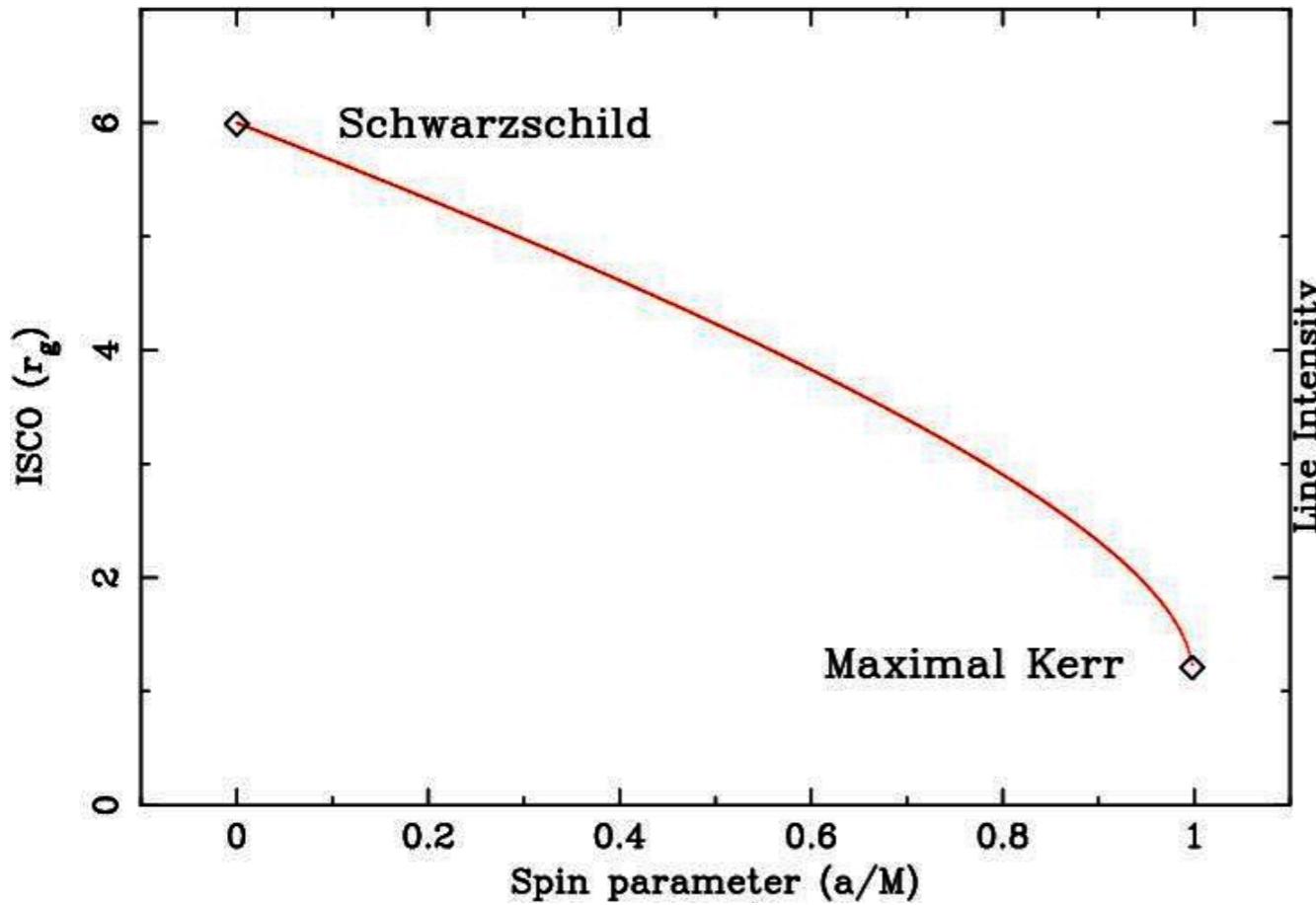


- The continuum in stellar-mass BHs is rather simple.
- Any “warm absorber” < 0.01 of Sy I s ( $N_{\text{OVIII}}$ ).
- Not plausibly due to partial covering absorbers.

# X-ray Disk Lines



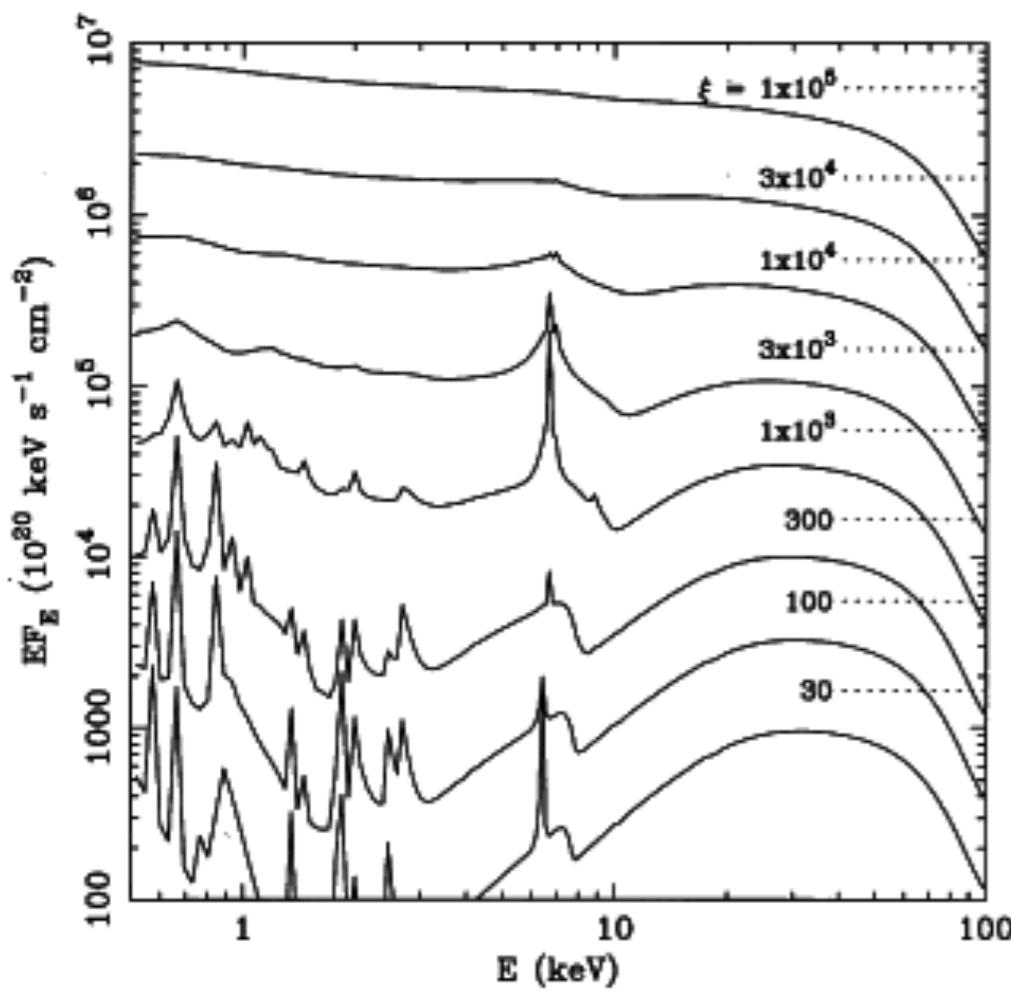
# X-ray Disk Lines



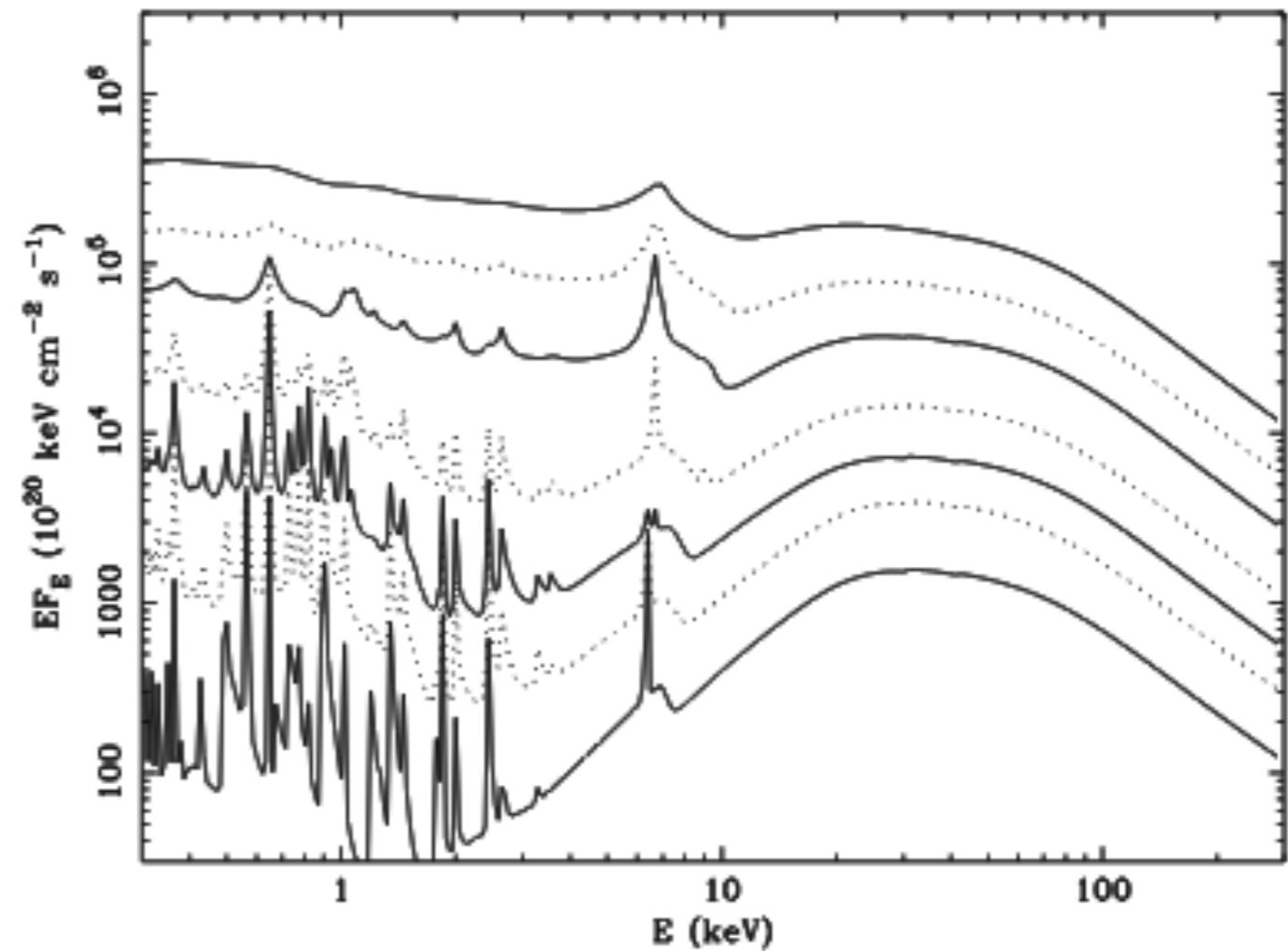
Ray tracing --> line profiles.  
Diskline ( $a=0$ ), Laor ( $a=0.998$ ).  
4 models where spin is variable

# X-ray Disk Reflection

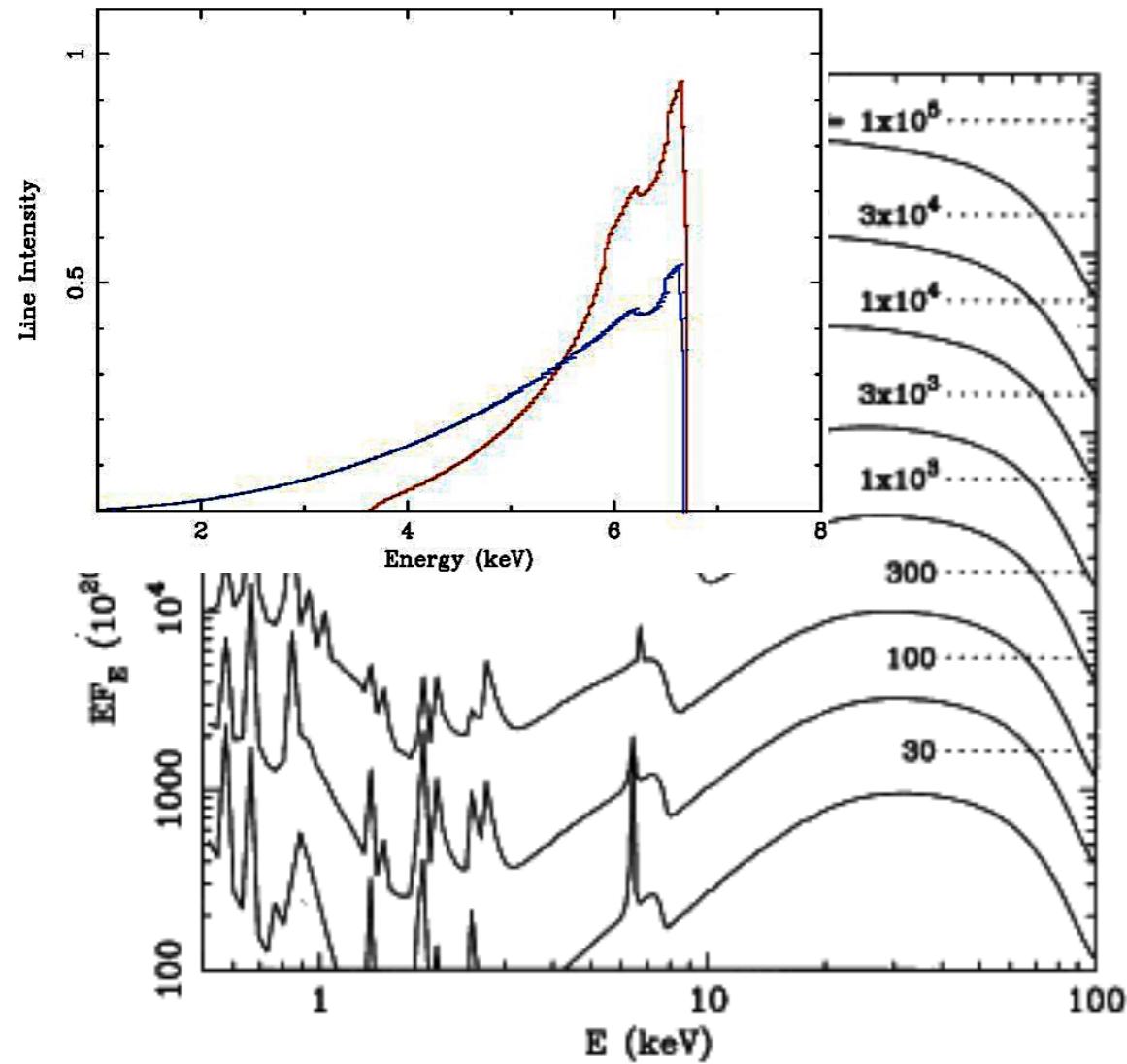
Ross & Fabian 93



Ross & Fabian 07

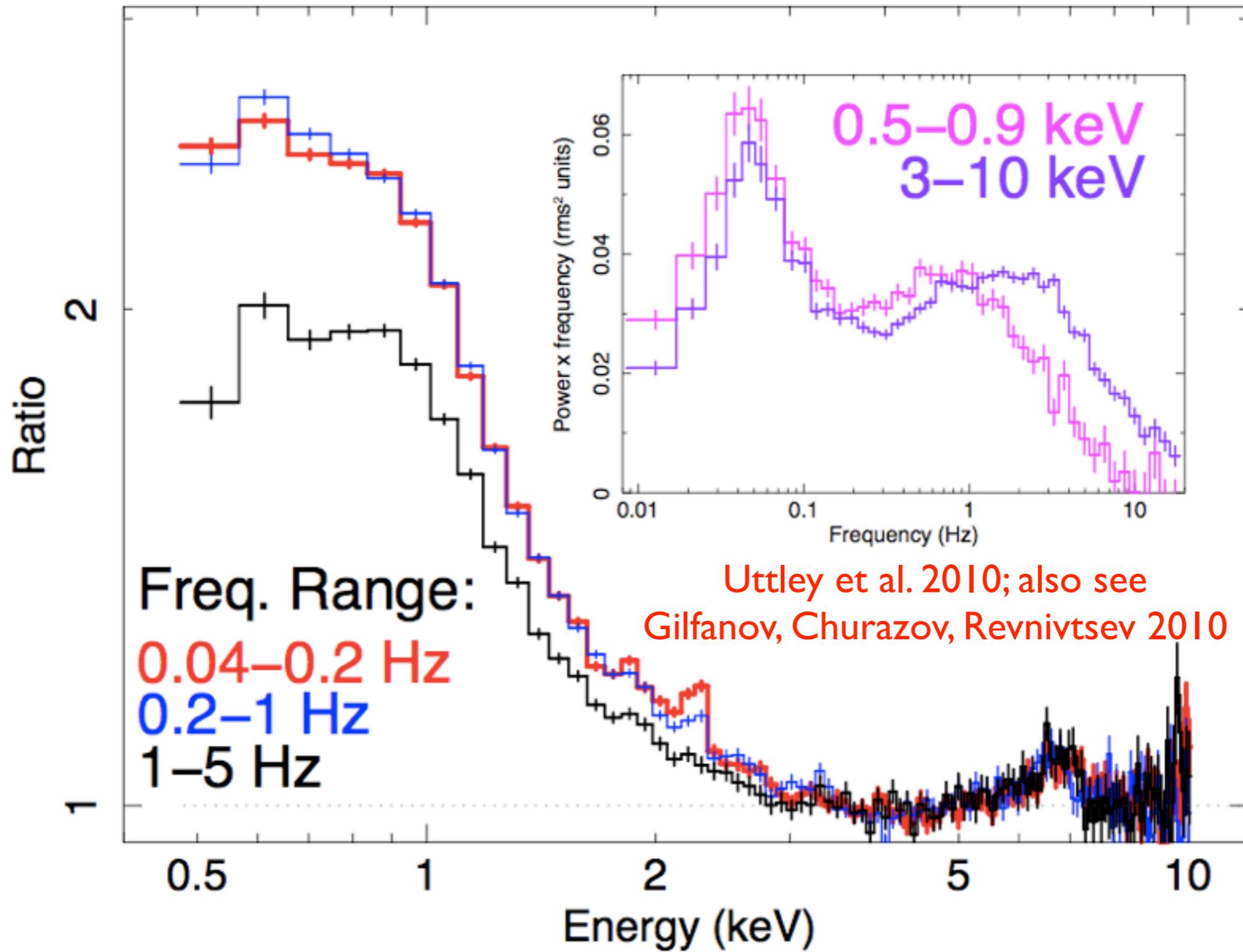


# Reflection must be blurred



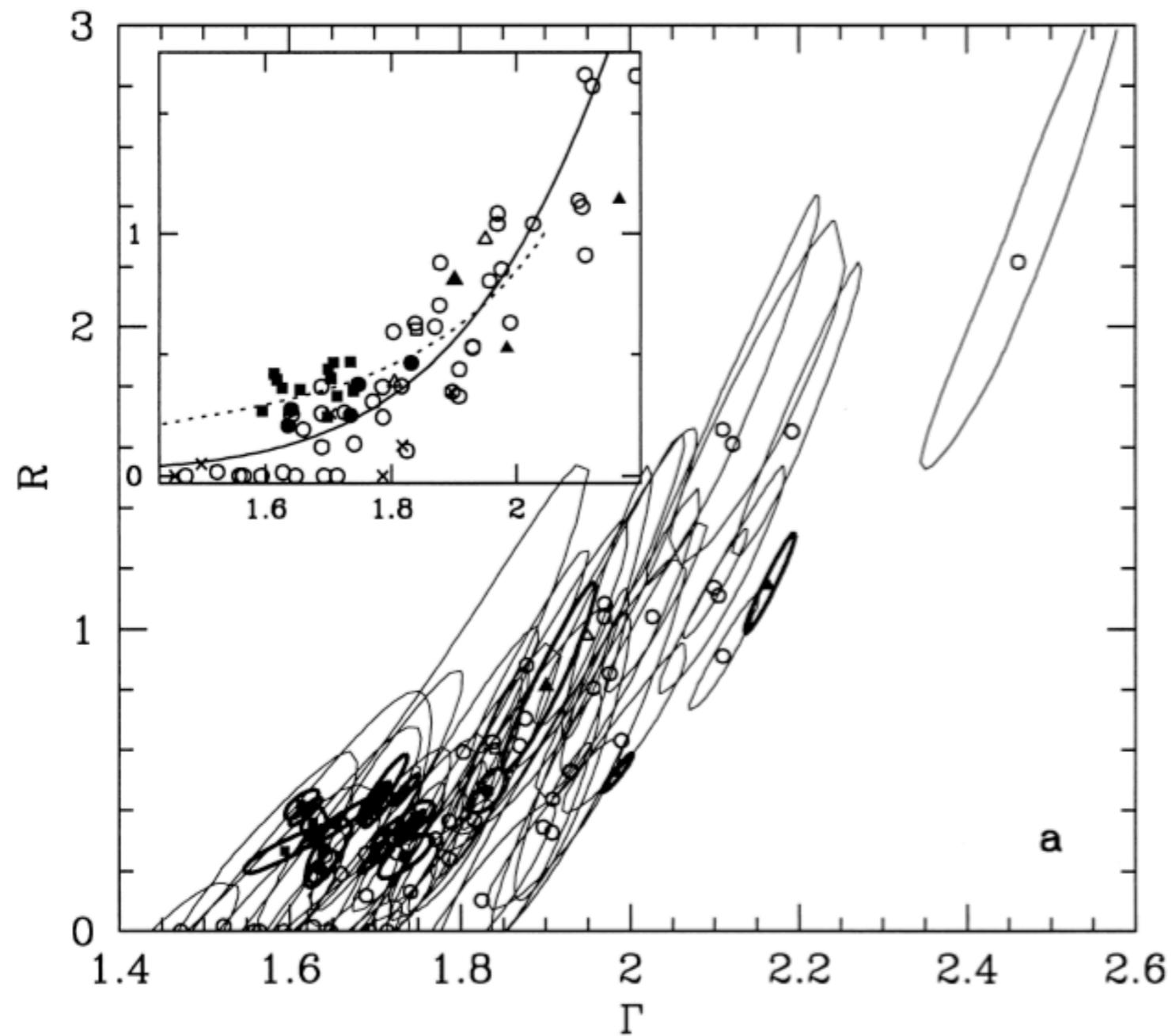
- Fe K lines & disk reflection are one and the same.
- Reflection spectra are calculated in the disk frame.
- Must change frames to see what it looks like at infinity.  
-> convolve with line function.
- Ross, Fabian, Brandt 1996;  
Zycki & Done 1999

# Lags in FCS of GX 339-4

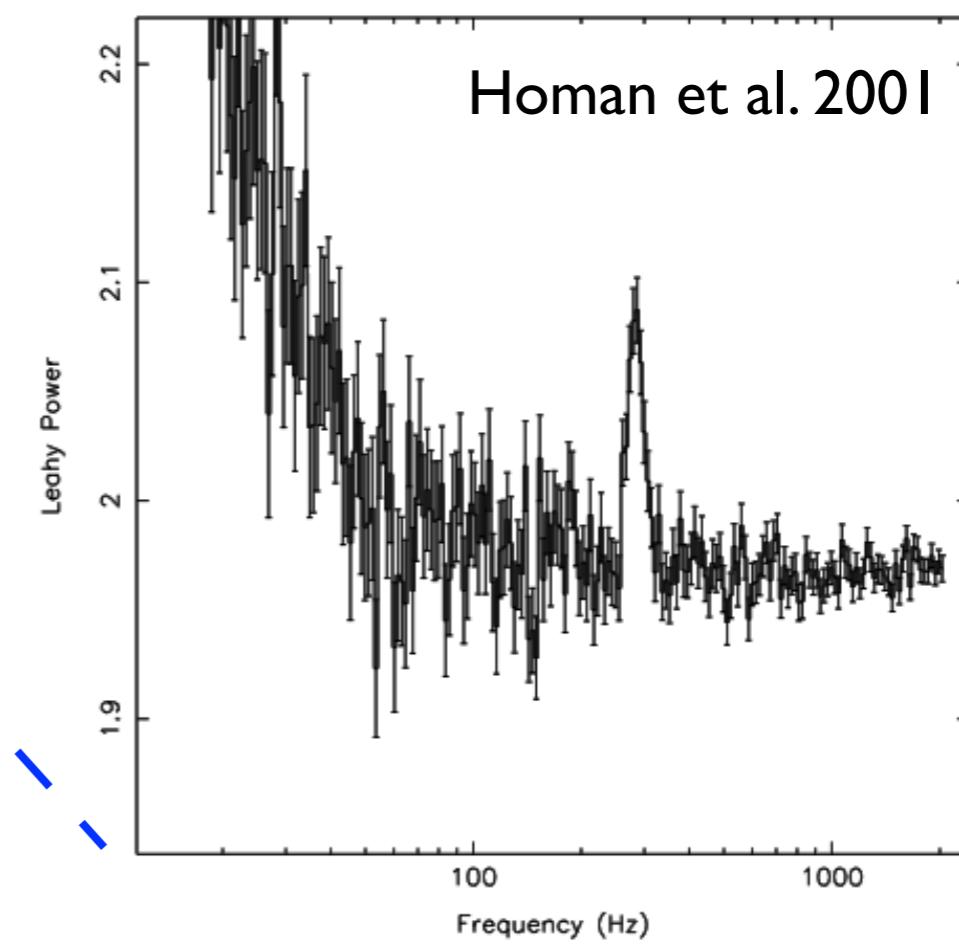
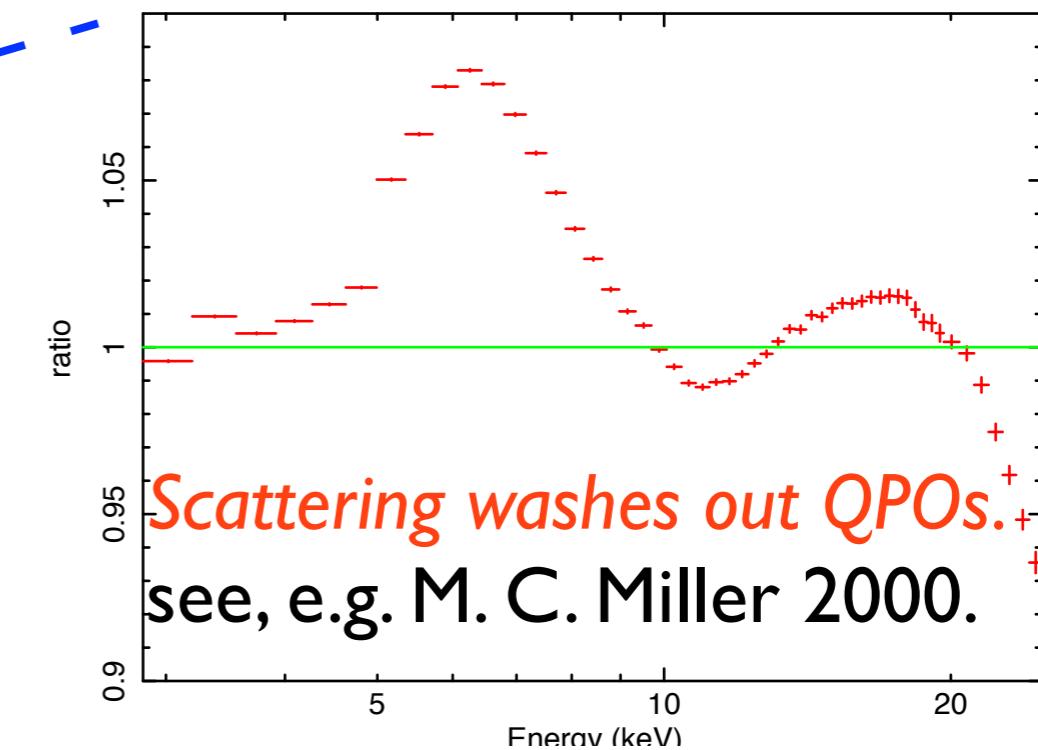
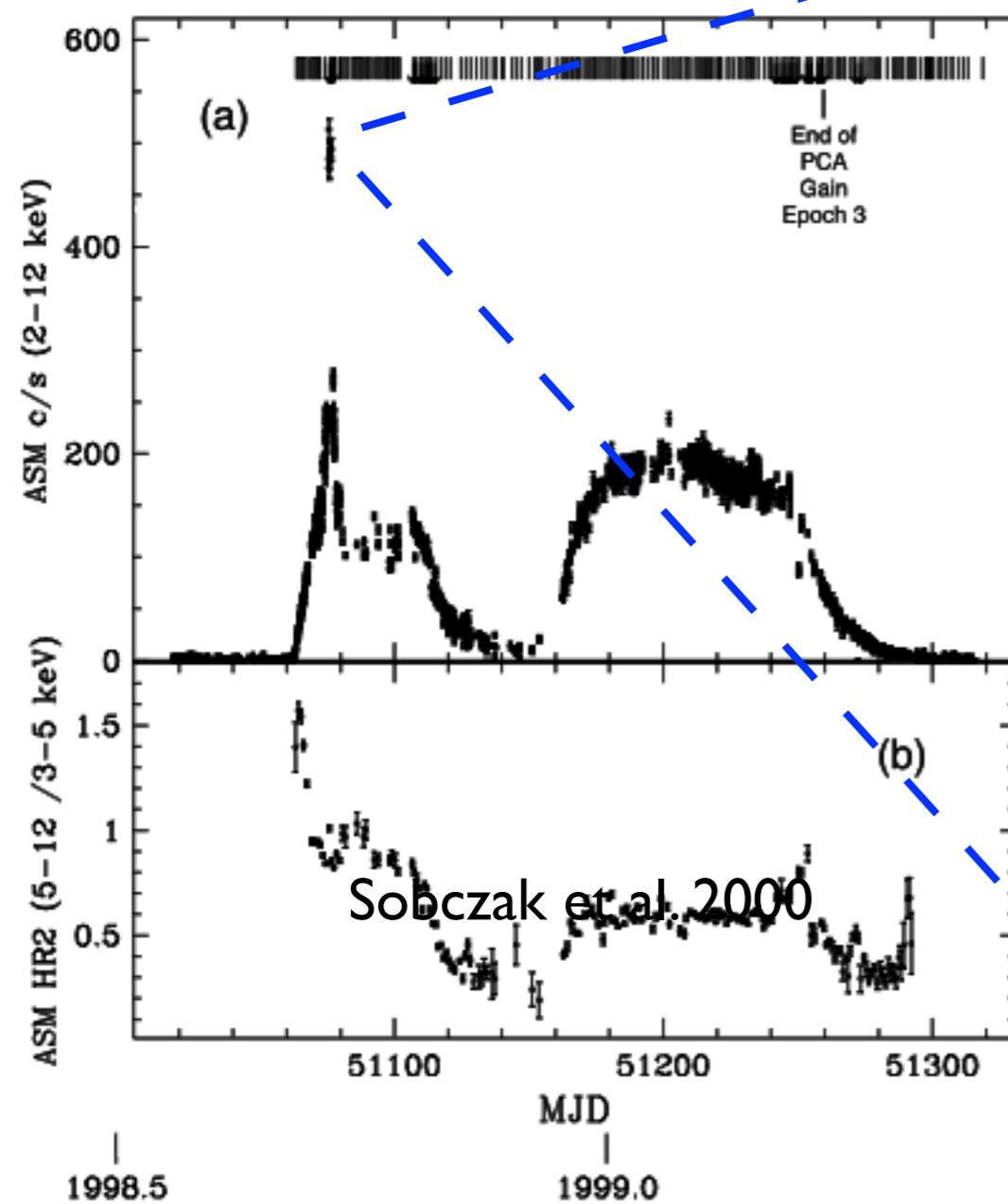


# R-Gamma Correlation

Zdziarski, Lubinski, Smith 1999

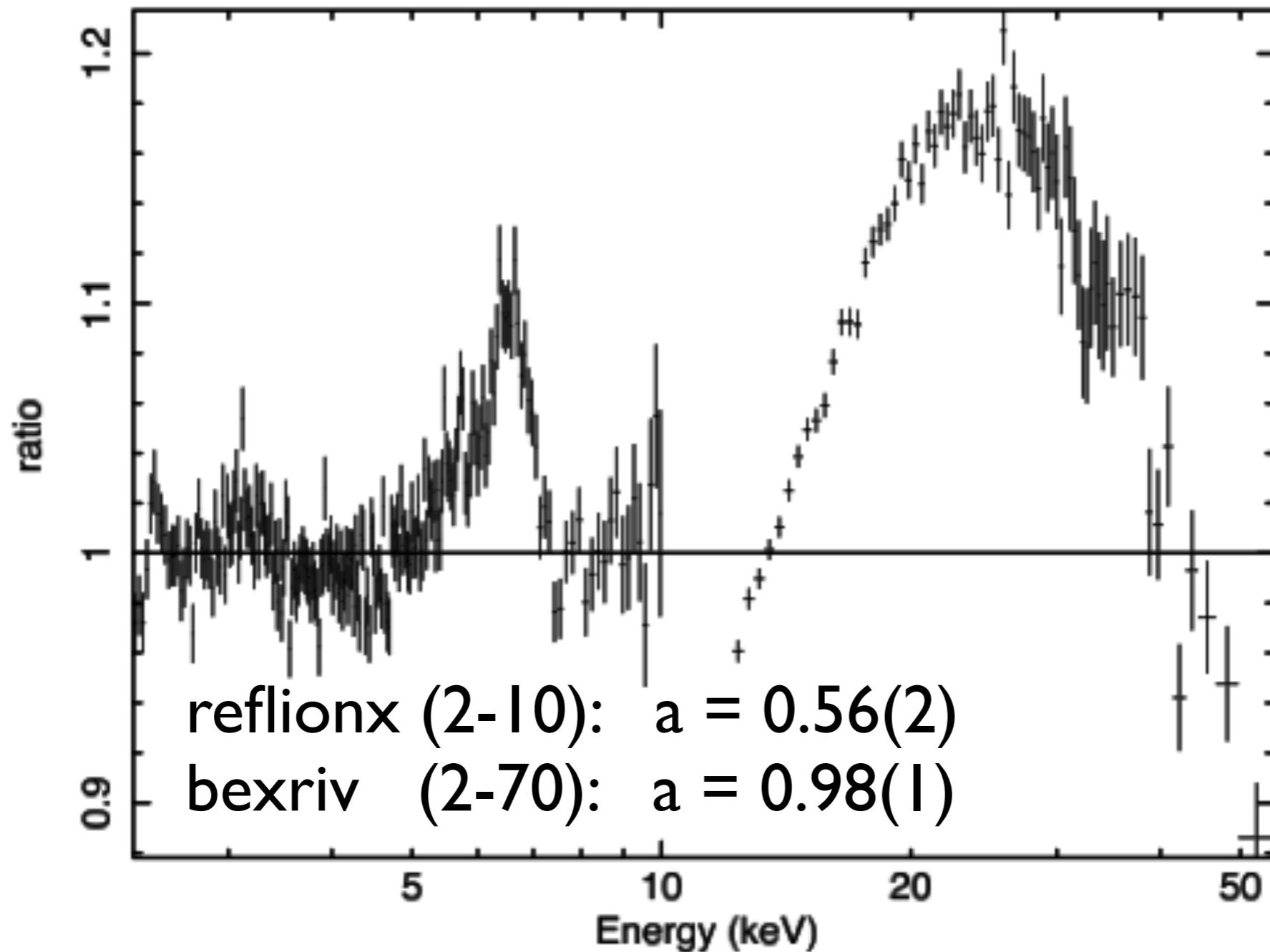


# XTE J1550-564 in 1998/1999

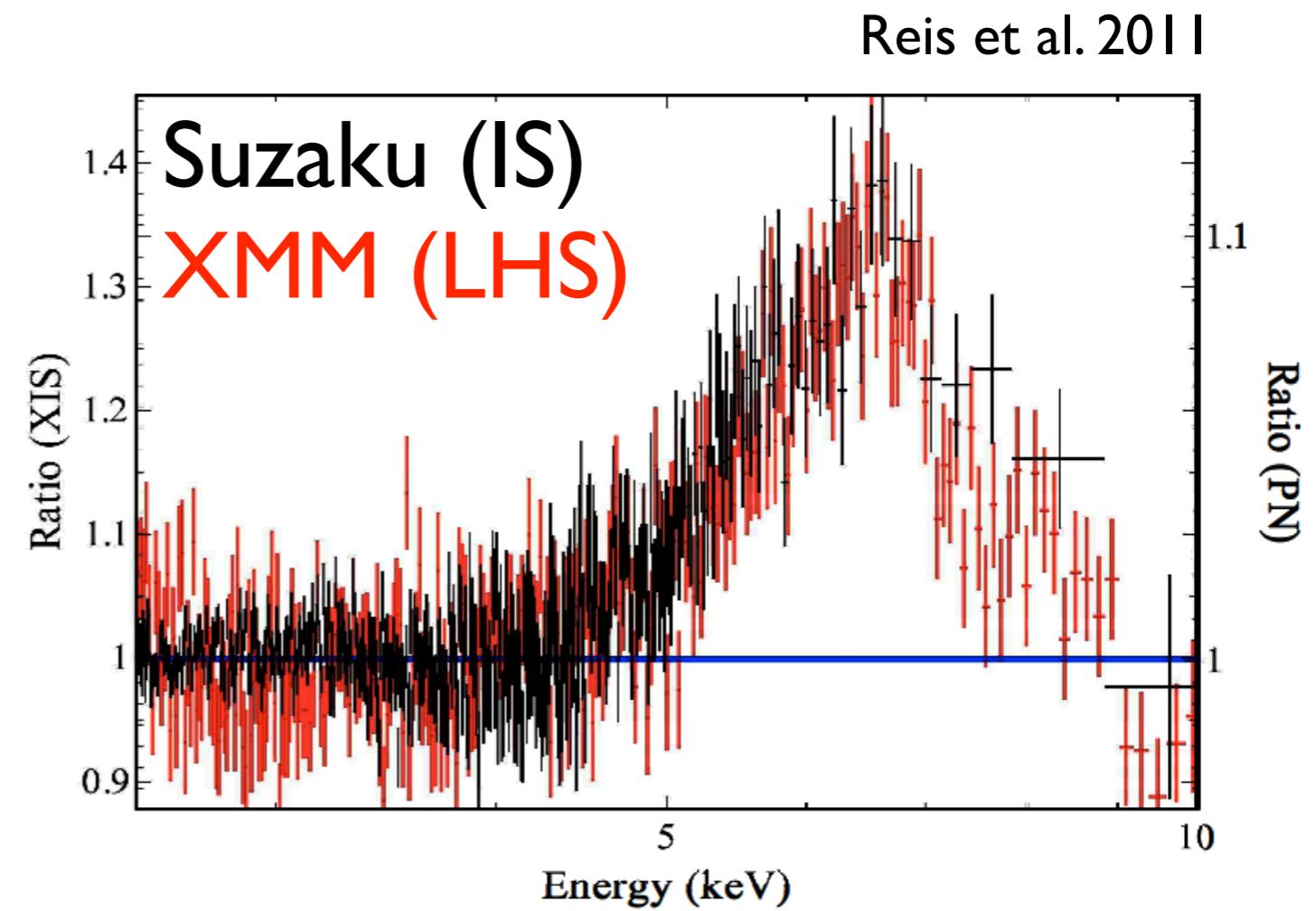
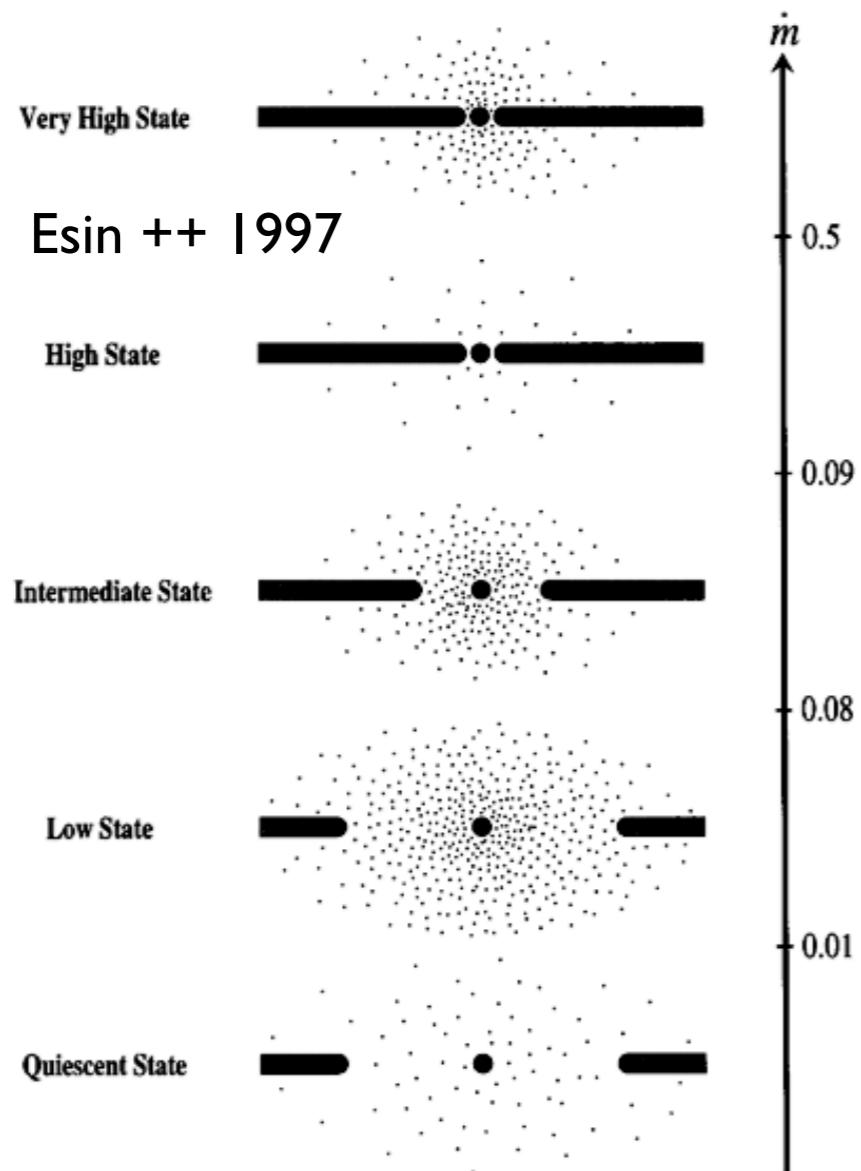


# GRS 1915+105

Blum et al. 2009



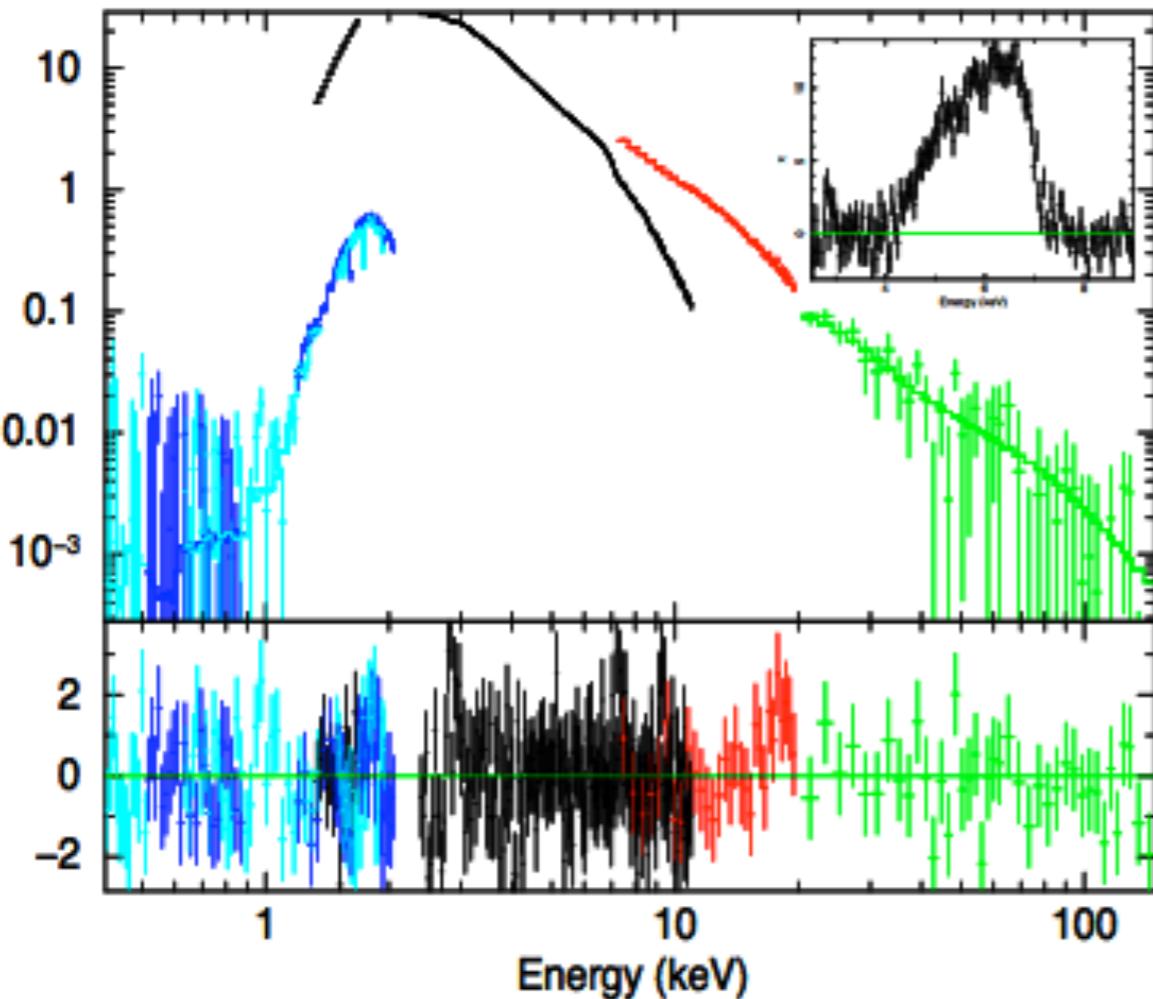
# Spin in XTE J1752-223



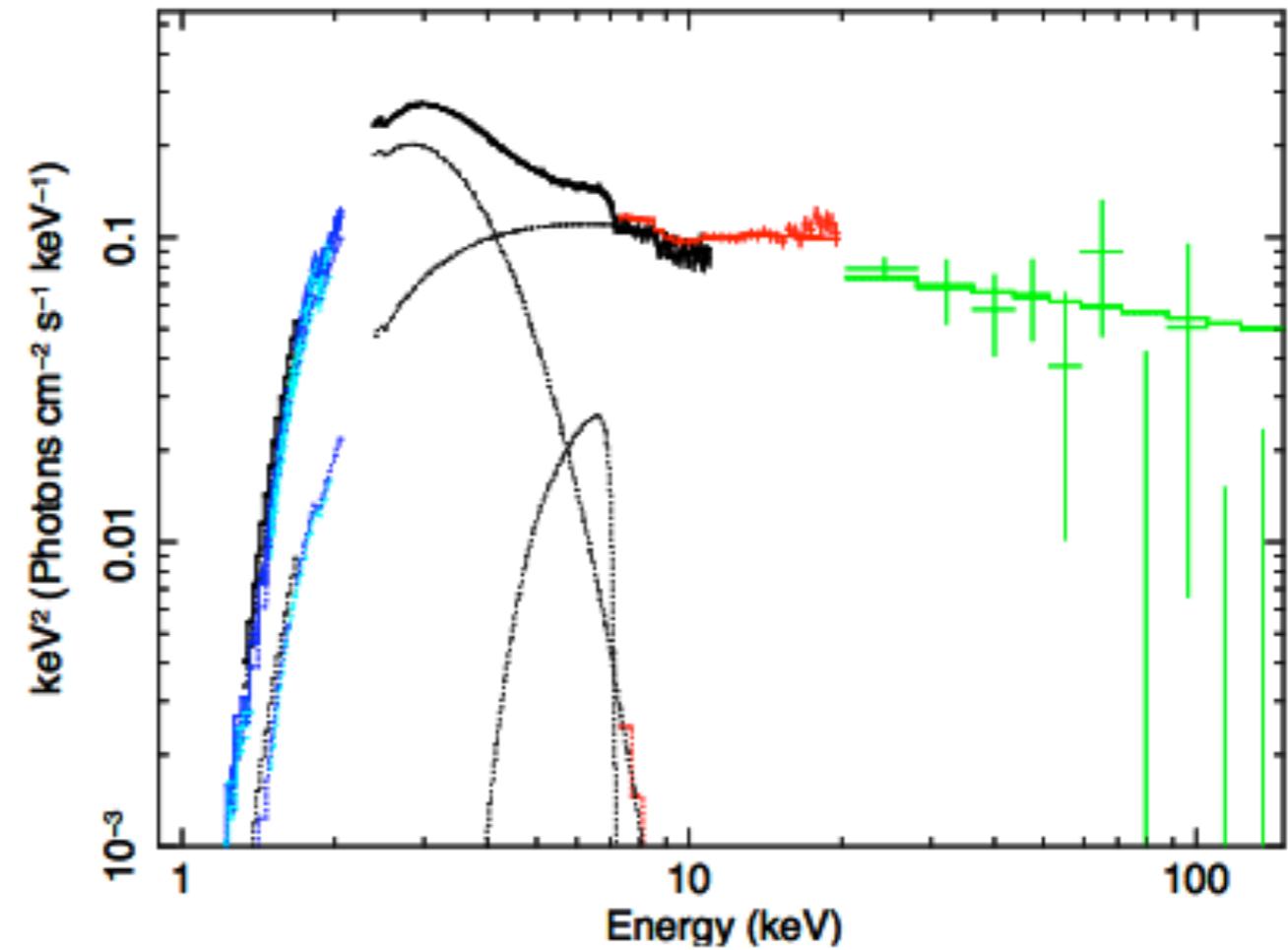
Intermediate State (Suzaku), low/hard state (XMM).  
Blurred reflection fits:  $a/M = 0.52 \pm 0.11$ .  
*Strong implications for accretion flow models.*

# Spin in XTE J1652-453

XMM-Newton

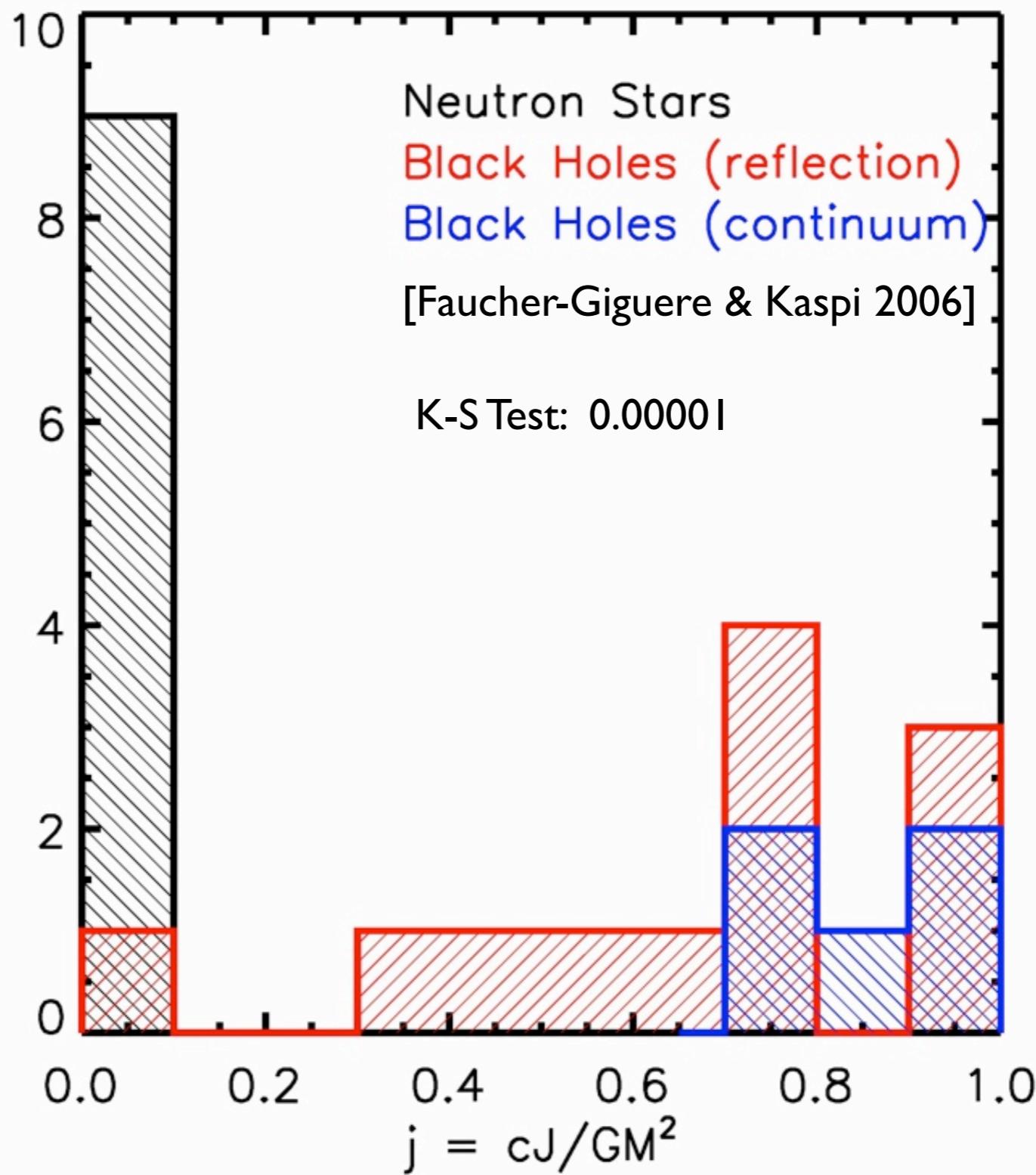


Hiemstra et al. 2010

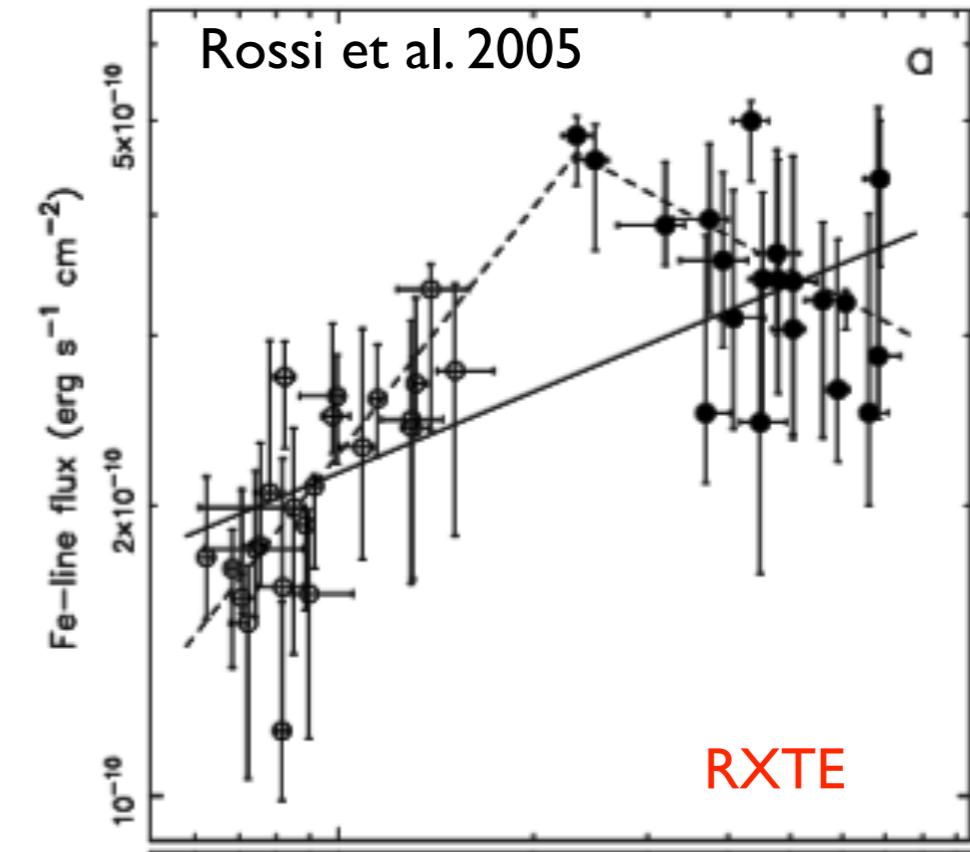
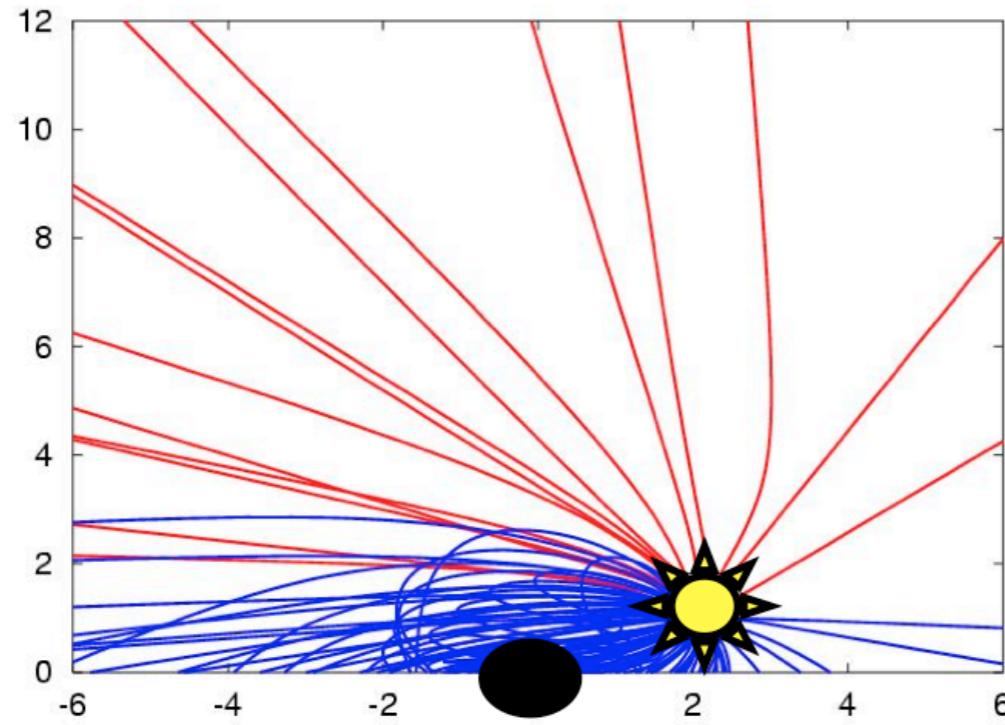
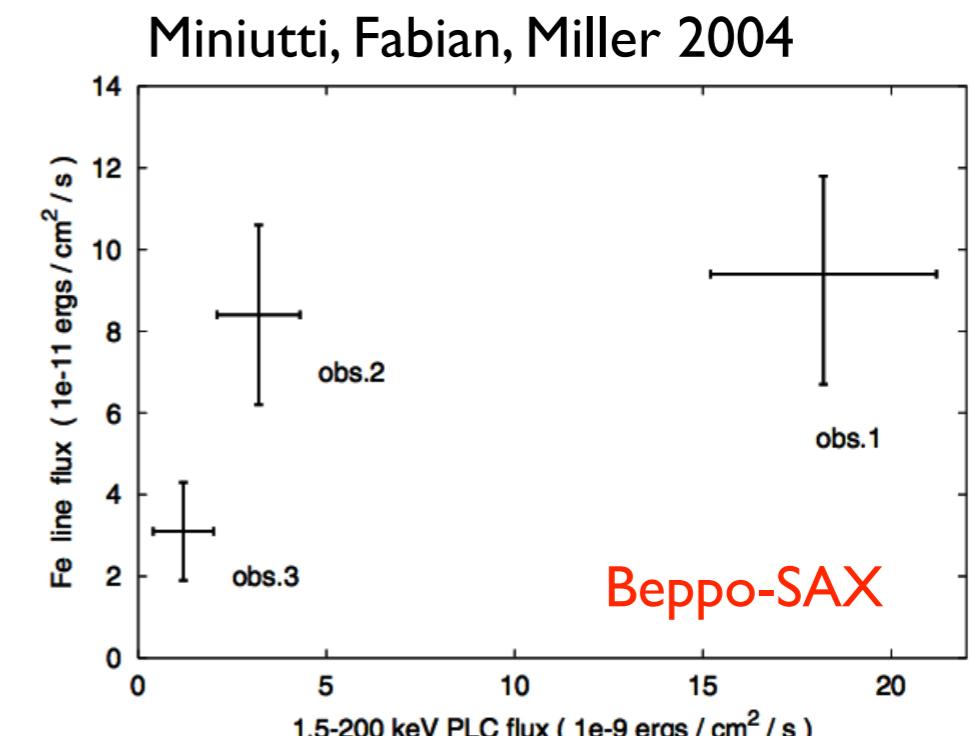
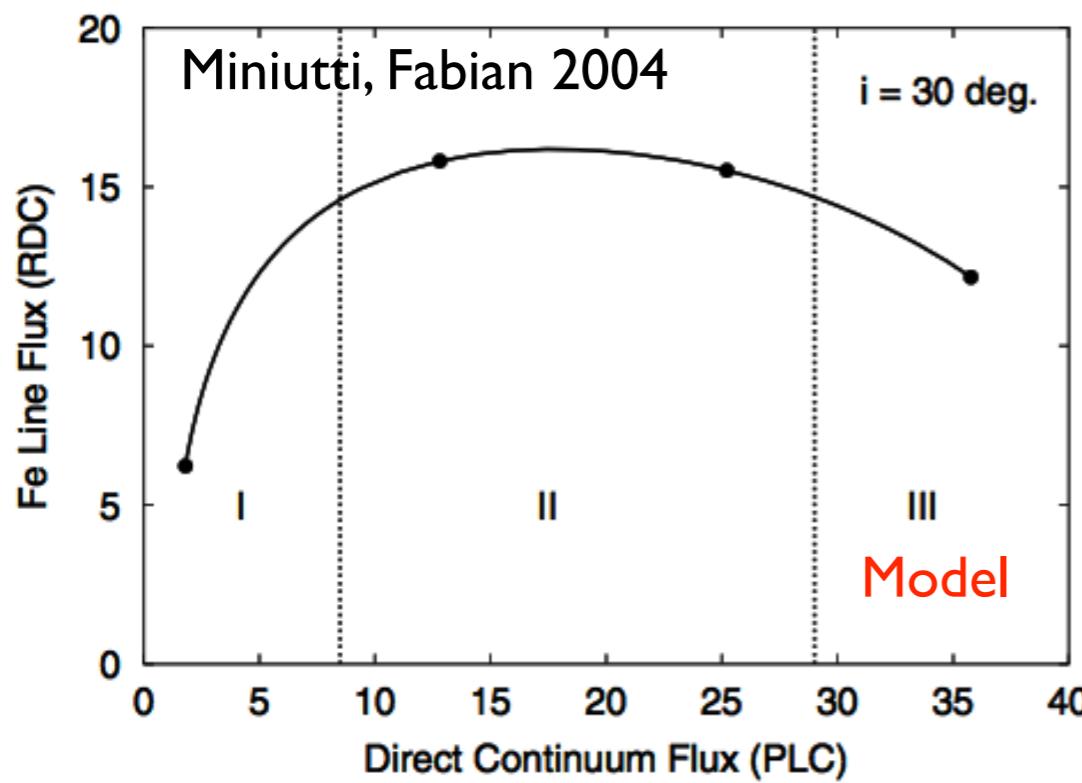


XTE J1652-453 observed in an Intermediate State.  
Blurred reflection fits:  
 $a/M = 0.45 \pm 0.02$ .

Miller, Miller, Reynolds 2010



# XTE J 1650: Light Bending?



# Looking ahead

- Suzaku, Astro-H can continue to measure spins ...  
double number of measurements?
- ... can make excellent tests of light bending.
- ... can test whether or not disks always truncate at 0.001 Eddington. Is Eddington fraction the only determinant?
- ... can continue to enhance our understanding of hard X-ray production in black holes across the mass scale.